

### City of Princeton West Virginia Firemen's Pension Plan

Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2019 to Determine the City's Contribution for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021



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September 29, 2020

Mr. Brian Blankenship Finance Director 100 Courthouse Road Princeton, WV 24740 Lieutenant Thomas Mould Pension Board Secretary City of Princeton Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund

Re: City of Princeton Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund

Actuarial Valuation Report for the Year Beginning July 1, 2019

Dear Mr. Blankenship and Lieutenant Mould:

The following sets forth the actuarial valuation of the City of Princeton Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund as of July 1, 2019. Sections I and II of the report provide a summary of results and the actuarial certification, respectively. Sections III and IV contain the development of the City's contribution for the 2021 fiscal year. Sections V and VI provide projections and an analysis of changing funding policies. Sections VII through IX provide a summary of the census data, plan provisions, assumptions and actuarial methods. Section X provides a glossary of many of the terms used in this report.

The purposes of this report are to provide information on:

- The sponsor's funding requirements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, based on the selected funding policy, i.e. the **Alternative** funding policy as defined in West Virginia Code §8-22-20(c)(1)
- The Fund's eligibility to receive an allocation of the premium tax for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021
- The Fund's eligibility to provide supplemental benefits for the plan year beginning July 1,2021

This report may not be used for any other purpose; Bolton is not responsible for the consequences of any unauthorized use.

We are available to answer any questions on the material in this report or to provide explanations or further details as appropriate.

Respectfully submitted,

James E. Ritchie, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA

Jordan McClane, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA



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### Section I. Executive Summary

### Background

Bolton has prepared the following report that sets forth the actuarial valuation of the City of Princeton Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund (the Plan) as of July 1, 2019. Please note that some columns and rows in the tables on the following pages may not add due to rounding.

### **Funding Policy**

The Plan is valued using the Alternative funding policy as described in WV Code §8-22-20. The City of Princeton (the City) switched from the Standard funding policy to the Alternative funding policy effective July 1, 1991.

### Summary of Results

The following table presents a two-year summary of the Plan's estimated pension contributions.

Es	timated Employer Contribution Requirements	FYE 2020	FYE 2021
1.	Prior Year Alternative Contribution	\$ 115,225	\$ 123,291
2.	7% Increase in Alternative Contribution	\$ 8,066	\$ 8,630
3.	Current Year Preliminary Alternative Contribution	\$ 123,291	\$ 131,921
4.	Additional Contribution to Satisfy 15-Year Solvency Test on an Open Group Basis	\$ 0	\$ 0
5.	Employer Contribution Requirement to Receive 100% of Premium Tax (3. + 4.)	\$ 123,291	\$ 131,921
6.	Additional Contribution to Satisfy 15-Year Solvency Test on a Closed Group Basis	\$ 0	\$ 0
7.	Employer Contribution Requirement to Receive 100% Premium Tax and Grant Supplemental Benefits (COLA) (5. + 6.)	\$ 123,291	\$ 131,921

Amortization Period to Eliminate Unfunded Liability	FYE 2020	FYE 2021
Net City Contribution	\$ 123,291	\$ 131,921
2. Estimated Premium Tax Allocation	\$ 145,654	\$ 149,916
3. Total City Contribution Plus Premium Tax (1. + 2.)	\$ 268,945	\$ 281,837
4. Net Employer Normal Cost with Interest	\$ 260,921	\$ 253,951
5. Payment Towards Unfunded Liability (3. – 4.)	\$ 8,024	\$ 27,886
6. Estimated Number of Years this 'Payment Towards Unfunded Liability' Would Take to Eliminate the Unfunded Liability	Never	Never



The following table presents a three-year historical summary of Plan assets and liabilities.

	July 1, 2017	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2019
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$ 12,003,972	\$ 11,439,828	\$ 11,791,410
Actuarial Asset Value (Market Value)	\$ 2,879,155	\$ 2,948,777	\$ 2,993,335
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 9,124,817	\$ 8,491,051	\$ 8,798,075
Funding Percentage	24.0%	25.8%	25.4%

The contributions shown above are assumed to be paid in equal monthly installments throughout the fiscal year. Details of the determination of the City's contribution for FYE 2021 are shown in Section III of this report. The City's contributions for years prior to FYE 2020 and liabilities prior to July 1, 2018 were calculated by the plan's previous actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company (GRS).

Please note, the Alternative and Conservation policies do not meet the requirements for a reasonable funding method under standard actuarial principles. Current contributions developed under the Alternative and Conservation funding policies may be significantly smaller than contributions developed under a generally accepted actuarial funding policy and plans using either of these two funding policies may experience significant increases in the required contribution over time. We recommend that municipalities using the Alternative policy consider switching to a policy that is more in line with standard actuarial principles for funding. In order to understand the ineffectiveness of these funding policies, we have shown the number of years it would take to completely payoff the unfunded liability assuming the amount shown for the plan year is paid for all future years until the unfunded is eliminated. If "Never" is shown, the year's payment toward the unfunded liability does not even cover the interest on the unfunded liability and the unfunded liability will be expected to increase in future years.

#### Risk Measures

Generally, the primary risk that a plan sponsor incurs from a defined benefit plan is the risk of substantial increases in annual contributions. For plans that develop contributions using a generally accepted actuarial funding policy, these increases occur most frequently due to variation in the investment returns. The following table shows four commonly used measures of the relative riskiness of a pension plan, relative to the plan sponsor and the employee groups covered by the plan. More detail is provided later in this report.

Risk Measure	July 1, 2017	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2019	Conservative Measures
Inactive AAL Percent of Total AAL	57.1%	65.0%	71.4%	<50%
Assets to Payroll	5.1	4.8	4.8	<5
Liabilities to Payroll	21.2	18.5	18.7	<5
Benefit Payments to Contributions	1.2	1.1	1.3	<3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This does not factor in any future increases in the contributions since scheduled increases might require a growing burden to the City.



#### **Experience Analysis**

The following factors affected the City's funded status:

- The Plan uses the Alternative funding policy. City contributions between FY 2020 and FY 2021 are expected to increase by 7.0% from \$123,291 to \$131,921.
- No additional contributions are required to stay "solvent" for the next 15 years. Making the \$131,921 contribution will allow the plan to pay COLAs and receive premium tax payments.
- This valuation uses the same 4.5% discount rate as the prior valuation.
- Contributions under this policy are not based on actuarial liabilities and plan assets. However, liabilities increased by 3.1% and assets increased by 1.5%.
- The Plan's funded ratio decreased from 25.8% to 25.4% and the Plan is expected to be 100% funded in 2068.
- The return on assets for FY 2019 was 5.7%.

#### Changes in Methods, Assumptions, and Plan Amendments

There were no changes in methods or assumptions reflected in this valuation.

There were no changes in the Plan provisions reflected in this valuation.

#### Sources of Information

The July 1, 2019 participant data and market value of assets were provided by or at the direction of the City of Princeton. While we have reviewed this data for consistency and completeness, we have not audited this data.

#### Supplemental Benefit Eligibility

West Virginia Code §8-22-26a requires that all retirees, surviving beneficiaries, disability pensioners or future retirees receive a Supplemental Pension Benefit (i.e. cost-of-living adjustments, or COLAs) payable on the first day of July, based on a percentage increase equal to any increase in the consumer price index as calculated by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Statistics for the preceding year. The COLA shall not exceed 4% per year and is not payable to a retiree until the first day of July after the second anniversary of the retiree's date of retirement. Additionally, the COLA shall be calculated on only the first \$15,000 of the annual benefit paid and on the COLAs accumulated by the retiree since benefit commencement. If, at any time after the COLA becomes applicable, the total accumulated percentage increase in benefit on the allowable amount becomes less than 75% of the total accumulated percentage increase in the consumer price index over that same period of time, the 4% limitation shall be inapplicable until such time as the accumulated COLAs equal 75% of the accumulated increase in the consumer price index. The consumer price index used to determine the COLA is the CPI-U US City Average all items with a base of 1982-1984 equal to 100. The increase is measured as the increase in the annual average from the second prior calendar year to the annual average from the prior calendar year.

The COLA is only payable to the extent that the actuary certifies to the Board of Trustees of the fund the amount of increase in the COLA, if any, which may be paid, and which will preserve the minimum standards for actuarial soundness of the fund as set forth in West Virginia Code §8-22-20. The related solvency test is discussed below.



#### Premium Tax

West Virginia Code §33-3-14d established a 1% tax on premiums for fire insurance and casualty insurance policies. The proceeds from this tax are used to fund the West Virginia Teachers Retirement System, the Fire Protection Fund for volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and the Municipal Pensions Security Fund, which is managed by the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board (MPOB). The MPOB allocates funds from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund to each eligible municipality's police and fire fund that is less than 100% funded on an actuarial basis. The funds from the Base Allocation are allocated proportionately to each fire and police fund based on the average monthly number of police officers and firefighters who worked at least 100 hours per month (regardless of whether the police and fire employees participate in the municipality's pension plan or the West Virginia state Municipal Police and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS)). The funds from the Excess Allocation are allocated proportionately to each fire and police fund based on the average monthly number of police officers and firefighters who worked at least 100 hours per month and the average monthly number of retired police officers and firefighters (regardless of whether the police and fire employees and retirees participate in the municipality's pension plan or the West Virginia MPFRS).

West Virginia Code §8-22-19 requires a plan sponsor to deposit into the pension fund the required contributions in accordance with Code §8-22-20 at least on a monthly basis at a rate of one-twelfth of the annual requirement in order to receive the premium tax allocation described above. A municipality may pre-pay this contribution. If the allocable portion of the Municipal Pensions Security Fund is not paid to the pension and relief fund within eighteen months, the portion is forfeited by the pension and relief fund and is allocable to other eligible municipal policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds in accordance with West Virginia Code §33-3-14d.

### Solvency Tests

There are two solvency tests. The first solvency test is used to determine whether the State premium tax may be allocated to the pension plan for the fiscal year. West Virginia Code §8-22-20 has been historically interpreted to require plans that use the **Alternative** funding policy to be projected to be solvent in the next 15 years in order to receive the State premium tax allocation. Plans that use the Standard, Optional, or Conservation policy, by definition of the funding policy, will always be projected to be solvent in future years. If a plan is not projected to be solvent in the next 15 years, the municipality or employees must make additional contributions in the current fiscal year in order to receive the State premium tax allocation.

The second test is used to determine whether the COLA is payable under West Virginia Code §8-22-26a, which requires the actuary to certify that the minimum funding for actuarial soundness will be preserved after the COLA is granted for the year. The test used to determine if the minimum funding for actuarial soundness will be preserved is a 15-year projection on a closed group basis. For the July 1, 2019 valuation, the 15-year period would end on June 30, 2034. If the assets are greater than \$1 for the first 15 years of the projection, the COLA must be granted. Please note that the Alternative policy is not consistent with generally accepted actuarial principles for funding and continued use of this policy may reduce future solvency levels, even if the current projections do not forecast insolvency.



#### **Actuarial Projections**

Section V of this report provides long-range projections of assets, liabilities, funded status, and contributions for the pension fund assuming the plan continues to use the **Alternative** funding policy. Additionally, Section VI provides projections that are based on the municipality switching to the Optional or Conservation funding policies in the current fiscal year or in the year that the Optional or Conservation policy contributions are projected to be less than the contribution under the Alternative policy. The projections are shown to help the municipality make decisions regarding the election of future funding policies and to understand the future funded status and future contribution requirements based on an expected set of assumptions.

Plans that use the Alternative funding policy may switch to either the Optional or Conservation funding policy. For these plans, we show projections for the following scenarios:

- Plan continues to be funded under the Alternative policy on an open group basis (these
  projections are also used to determine if the plan is eligible for the premium tax
  allocation)
- Plan continues to be funded under the Alternative policy on a closed group basis (these projections are used to determine if the COLA is payable)
- Plan switches to the Optional funding policy in the current contribution year
- Plan switches to the Conservation funding policy in the current contribution year
- Plan switches to the Optional funding policy in the year that the Optional funding policy contribution is projected to be less than the Alternative funding policy contribution
- Plan switches to the Conservation funding policy in the year that the Conservation funding policy contribution is projected to be less than the Alternative funding policy contribution



### Section II. Actuarial Certification

This actuarial valuation sets forth our calculation of an estimate of the liabilities of the City of Princeton Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund, together with a comparison of these liabilities with the value of the Plan assets, as submitted by the City of Princeton (the City). This calculation and comparison with assets is applicable for the valuation date only. The future is uncertain, and the Plan may become better funded or more poorly funded in the future. This valuation does not provide any guarantee that the Plan will be able to provide the promised benefits in the future.

This is a deterministic valuation in that it is based on a single set of assumptions. This set of assumptions is one possible basis for our calculations. Other assumptions may be equally valid and would produce different results, so that no one projection is uniquely "correct" and many alternative projections of the future could also be regarded as reasonable. The Plan's actual experience will differ from the assumptions; the differences may be significant or material because the results are very sensitive to the assumptions made and, in some cases, to the interaction between the assumptions. We may consider that some factors are not material to the valuation of the Plan and may not provide a specific assumption for those factors. The Plan may have used other assumptions in the past. We will likely consider changes in assumptions at a future date in conjunction with the MPOB.

A "sensitivity analysis" shows the degree to which results would be different if alternative assumptions within the range of possibilities were substituted for those utilized in this report. We have not been engaged to perform such a sensitivity analysis, and thus, the results of such an analysis are not included in this report. At the City's request, Bolton is available to perform such a sensitivity analysis.

The City is responsible for selecting the Plan's funding policy. The MPOB selects the actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions based on the advice of the plan's actuary. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed by the MPOB, in consultation with the prior actuarial firm GRS, and are described in this report. The MPOB is solely responsible for communicating to Bolton any changes required thereto.

In addition, decisions regarding benefit improvements, benefit changes, the Plan's investment policy, and similar issues should not be based on this valuation. These issues are complex and other factors should be considered when making such decisions. Other factors might include the anticipated vitality of the local economy and future growth expectations, as well as other economic and financial factors.

The cost of this Plan is determined by the benefits promised by the Plan, the Plan's participant population, the investment experience of the Plan and many other factors. An actuarial valuation is a budgeting tool for the City. It does not affect the cost of the Plan. Different funding methods provide for different timing of contributions to the Plan. As the experience of the Plan evolves, it is normal for the level of contributions to the Plan to change. The Plan sponsor is responsible for funding the cost of the Plan. If a contribution is not made for a particular year, either by deliberate choice or because of an error in a calculation, that contribution can be made in later years. We will not be responsible for contributions that are made at a future time rather than an earlier time.

We make every effort to ensure that our calculations are accurately performed. These calculations are complex. Despite our best efforts, we may make a mistake. We reserve the right to correct any potential errors by amending the results of this report or by including the corrections in a future valuation report.



Because modeling all aspects of a situation is not possible or practical, we may use summary information, estimates, or simplifications of calculations to facilitate the modeling of future events in an efficient and cost-effective manner. We may also exclude factors or data that are immaterial in our judgment. Use of such simplifying techniques does not, in our judgment, affect the reasonableness of valuation results for the Plan.

This report is based on Plan provisions, census data, and asset data submitted by the City. We have relied on this information for purposes of preparing this report but have not performed an audit. The accuracy of the results presented in this report is dependent upon the accuracy and completeness of the underlying information. The Plan sponsor is solely responsible for the validity and completeness of this information.

The City of Princeton Firemen's Pension Fund Board of Trustees is solely responsible for selecting the Plan's investment policies, asset allocations and individual investments. Bolton's actuaries have not provided any investment advice to the Board.

The information in this report was prepared for the internal use of the MPOB, the West Virginia Legislature's Joint Committee on Pensions and Retirement, the City and their auditors in connection with their review of the City's financial statements and our actuarial valuation of the Plan. It is neither intended nor necessarily suitable for other purposes. Bolton is not responsible for the consequences of any other use or the reliance upon this report by any other party.

The calculation of actuarial liabilities for valuation purposes is based on a current estimate of future benefit payments. The calculation includes a computation of the "present value" of those estimated future benefit payments using an assumed discount rate; the higher the discount rate assumption, the lower the estimated liability will be. For purposes of estimating the liabilities (future and accrued) in this report, the MPOB selected an assumption based on the expected long-term rate of return on Plan investments, its funded status and liquidity needs. Using a lower discount rate assumption, such as a rate based on long-term bond yields, could substantially increase the estimated present value of future and accrued liabilities.

Because valuations are a snapshot in time and are based on estimates and assumptions that are not precise and will differ from actual experience, contribution calculations are inherently imprecise. There is no uniquely "correct" level of Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) for the coming Plan year. More importantly, the contribution required under the Alternative policy is not an ADC, because it not determined based on actuarially sound principles.

This report provides certain financial calculations for use by the City's auditor. These values have been computed in accordance with our understanding of generally accepted actuarial principles and practices and fairly reflect the actuarial position of the Plan. The various actuarial assumptions and methods which have been used are, in our opinion, appropriate for the purposes of this report.

The report is conditioned on the assumption of an ongoing Plan (open or closed plans) and is not meant to present the actuarial position of the Plan in the case of Plan termination. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: Plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions, changes in economic or demographic assumptions, increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution



requirements based on the Plan's funded status), and changes in Plan provisions or applicable law.

The MPOB, Pension Board or the City should notify Bolton promptly after receipt of this report if they disagree with anything contained in the report or is aware of any information that would affect the results of the report that has not been communicated to Bolton or incorporated therein. The report will be deemed final and acceptable unless the MPOB, Pension Board or the City promptly provides such notice to Bolton.

The undersigned credentialed actuaries meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein. We are not aware of any direct or material indirect financial interest or relationship, including investments or other services, which could create a conflict of interest that would impair the objectivity of our work.

We are available to answer any questions on the material in this report and provide explanations or further details as appropriate.

Jim Ritchie, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA

Jørdan McClane, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA



## Section III. Determination of City Contributions

### Net Employer Normal Cost

The breakdown of the Net Employer Normal Cost is illustrated below.

Net Employer Normal Cost (BOY)	7/1/2018	7/1/2019
1. Normal Cost	\$ 300,073	\$ 295,830
2.a. Administrative Expenses FYE 2020/2021	\$ 2,791	\$ 2,868
2.b. Administrative Expenses (BOY)	\$ 2,730	\$ 2,806
3. Gross Normal Cost (1. + 2.b.)	\$ 302,803	\$ 298,636
<ol> <li>Expected Employee Contributions for Next 12 Months (BOY)</li> </ol>	\$ 47,562	\$ 50,213
5. Net Employer Normal Cost (3. – 4.)	\$ 255,241	\$ 248,423
(% of Compensation)	42.2%	40.3%

# Development of Estimated Minimum Employer Contribution Under the Alternative Funding Policy

The development of the Estimated Minimum Employer Contribution is illustrated below.

Estimated Employer Contribution Requirements	FYE 2020	FYE 2021
Prior Year Alternative Contribution	\$ 115,225	\$ 123,291
2. 7% Increase in Alternative Contribution	\$ 8,066	\$ 8,630
3. Current Year Preliminary Alternative Contribution	\$ 123,291	\$ 131,921
<ol> <li>Additional Contribution to Satisfy 15-Year Solvency Test on an Open Group Basis</li> </ol>	\$ 0	\$ 0
5. Employer Contribution Requirement to Receive 100% of Premium Tax (3. + 4.)	\$ 123,291	\$ 131,921
<ol><li>Additional Contribution to Satisfy 15-Year Solvency Test on a Closed Group Basis</li></ol>	\$ 0	\$ 0
7. Employer Contribution Requirement to Receive 100% Premium Tax and Grant Supplemental Benefits (COLA) (5. + 6.)	\$ 123,291	\$ 131,921



Development of GASB Contribution for Alternative Funding Policies
The breakdown of the Estimated Minimum Employer Contribution for GASB contribution reporting for the Alternative funding policy is illustrated below.

Estimated Minimum Employer Contribution	FYE 2020	FYE 2021
<ol> <li>Total Normal Cost, Including Administrative Expenses (BOY)</li> </ol>	\$ 302,803	\$ 298,636
<ol><li>Expected Employee Contributions for Next 12 Months (BOY)</li></ol>	\$ 47,562	\$ 50,213
3. Net Employer Normal Cost (BOY) (1. − 2.)	\$ 255,241	\$ 248,423
4. Interest on Normal Cost	\$ 5,680	\$ 5,528
5. Total Employer Normal Cost with Interest (3. + 4.)	\$ 260,921	\$ 253,951
6. Amortization of Unfunded Liability	\$ 487,486	\$ 512,802
7. Interest on Unfunded Liability Payment	\$ 10,848	\$ 11,411
8. Unfunded Liability Payment with Interest (6. + 7.)	\$ 498,334	\$ 524,213
9. Estimated Premium Tax Allocation	\$ 145,654	\$ 149,916
<ol> <li>Unfunded Liability Payment Net of Premium Tax Allocation (8. – 9., not less than 0)</li> </ol>	\$ 352,680	\$ 374,297
11. Net Employer Contribution (5. + 10.)	\$ 613,601	\$ 628,248
12. Estimated Premium Tax Allocation (9.)	\$ 145,654	\$ 149,916
13. Total City Contribution for GASB Purposes (11. + 12.)	\$ 759,255	\$ 778,164
14. Amortization Period (Years)	31.5	30.5



### Section IV. Determination of Liabilities and Assets

# Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability Below is a summary of the key valuation results.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability		7/1/2018		7/1/2019
Actuarial Accrued Liability	<u>Count</u>		<u>Count</u>	
a. Active	13	\$ 4,009,269	12	\$ 3,370,220
b. Retirees	10	4,194,153	11	4,887,391
c. Survivors	3	491,941	3	486,791
d. Disableds	2	1,156,532	3	1,804,800
e. Deferred Vesteds	3	1,587,933	3	1,242,208
f. Former Members Due Refunds	0	0	0	0
g. Total	31	\$ 11,439,828	32	\$ 11,791,410
Present Value of Future     Normal Costs		\$ 3,629,761		\$ 3,748,337
<ol><li>Present Value of Benefits</li></ol>				
(1.g. + 2.)		\$ 15,069,589		\$ 15,539,747
<ol><li>Market Value of Assets</li></ol>		\$ 2,948,777		\$ 2,993,335
<ol><li>Unfunded Actuarial Accrued</li></ol>				
Liability (1.g. – 4.)		\$ 8,491,051		\$ 8,798,075
6. Funded Ratio (4. / 1.g.)		25.8%		25.4%



### Experience (Gain)/Loss for Plan Year Ended June 30, 2019

Ex	per	ience (Gain)/Loss for Plan Year Ended June 30, 2019		
1.	Lia	bilities	<u> </u>	
	a.	Actuarial Accrued Liability as of 7/1/2018	\$	11,439,828
	b.	Normal Cost as of 7/1/2018		300,073
	C.	Interest on a. and b. to 6/30/2019		528,296
	d.	Benefit Payments with Interest to 6/30/2019		389,026
	e.	Effect of Assumption Changes		0
	f.	Expected Liability at 7/1/2019 (a. + b. + c d. + e.)		11,879,171
	g.	Actual Liability at 7/1/2019		11,791,410
	h.	Liability (Gain)/Loss (g f.)		(87,761)
2.	Ma	rket Value of Assets		
	a.	Market Value of Assets as of 7/1/2018 <sup>2</sup>	\$	2,909,069
	b.	Interest on a. to 6/30/2019		130,908
	c.	Contributions with Interest to 6/30/2019		309,667
	d.	Benefit Payments with Interest to 6/30/2019		389,026
	e.	Administrative Expenses with Interest to 6/30/2019		546
	f.	Expected Assets at 6/30/2019 (a. + b. + c. – d. – e.)		2,960,072
	g.	Actual Assets at 6/30/2019		2,993,335
	h.	Asset (Gain)/Loss (f g.)		(33,263)
3.	То	tal (Gain)/Loss (1h. + 2h.)	\$	(121,024)

The gains and losses shown are only for liability and asset gains and losses. Any change in the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability from funding more or less than needed to cover Normal Cost and interest on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability is a separate amount.

City of Princeton Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> After the June 30, 2018 GASB disclosures were published, the June 30, 2018 assets were updated from \$2,948,777 to \$2,909,069.



### **Reconciliation of Assets**

Below is a reconciliation of assets (unaudited) from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019.

Plan Year Ending		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019
Beginning of Year Market Value of Assets	\$	2,879,155	\$	2,948,777
Adjustments to Market Value of Assets		0		(39,708)
Beginning of Year Market Value of Assets	\$	2,879,155	\$	2,909,069
2. Additions				
a. Contributions				
(i) Local Government	\$	107,700	\$	115,300
(ii) State Government		134,652		136,710
(iii) Employee	_	48,368		50,843
(iv) Total		290,720		302,853
b. Receivable Contributions <sup>3</sup>		_		_
(i) Local Government		0		0
(ii) State Government		0		0
(iii) Employee Contributions	-	0		0
(iv) Total		0		0
c. Earnings on Investments		(50.005)		00.000
(i) Net Appreciation/(Depreciation) (ii) Net Realized Gain (Loss) on		(58,265)		86,860
(ii) Net Realized Gain (Loss) on Sale/Exchange		109,741		2,839
(iii) Interest and Dividends		73,668		93,254
(iv) Other Income		0		0
(v) Investment Expense		(20,579)		(20,540)
(vi) Receivable Investment Income		0		0
(vii) Payable Investment Expenses		0		0
(viii) Net Investment Income		104,565	•	162,413
d. Other Revenue		0		0
e. Total Additions	\$	395,285	\$	465,266
3. Disbursements				
a. Benefit Payments	\$	314,867	\$	368,392
b. Withdrawals		10,167		12,074
c. Administrative Expenses		000		054
(i) Municipal Fees		629		354
(ii) Other Expenses	-		•	180
(iii) Total Administrative Expenses		629		534
<ul><li>d. Payable Benefits and Withdrawals</li><li>e. Payable Administrative Expenses</li></ul>		0		0
f. Total Disbursements	\$	325,663	\$	381,000
4. Net Increase (2.e. – 3.f.)	Ψ_	69,622	Ψ	84,266
5. Net Assets (1. + 4.)	\$	2,948,777	\$	2,993,335
6. Rate of Return Net of Investment Fees	Ψ'	_,0 .0, 1	Ψ.	_,000,000
(2I / [A + B - I] Method4)		3.7%		5.7%

Receivable contributions for each respective plan year ending.
 A = beginning-of-year market value of assets, B = end-of-year market value of assets, I = investment return during the year



#### **Asset Allocation**

The table below shows the amount of funds invested in each account as of June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019.

Assets Held by Category		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019
Cash and Deposits	\$	190,874	\$	117,952
Receivables				
Contributions	\$	0	\$	0
Investment Income		0		0
Total Receivables	\$	0	\$	0
Investment				
Government Securities	\$	249,002	\$	305,925
Fixed Income		475,571		459,851
Equities		1,581,995		1,635,879
Alternative Investments		451,334		473,728
Other		0		0
Total Investments	\$	2,757,902	\$	2,875,383
Total Assets	\$	2,948,777	\$	2,993,335
Payables				
Investment Expense	\$	0	\$	0
Benefits and Withdrawals	Ψ	0	Ψ	0
Administrative Expense		0		0
Total Payables	\$	0	\$	0
Total Layables	Ψ	<u> </u>	Ψ	U
Net Position	\$	2,948,777	\$	2,993,335

#### Risk Measures

Generally, the primary risk that a plan sponsor incurs from a defined benefit plan is the risk of substantial increases in annual contributions. For plans that develop contributions using a generally accepted actuarial funding policy, these increases occur most frequently due to variation in the investment returns. The following table shows four commonly used measures of the relative riskiness of a pension plan, relative to the plan sponsor and the employee groups covered by the plan.

Risk Measure	July 1, 2017	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2019	Conservative Measures
Inactive AAL Percent of Total AAL	57.1%	65.0%	71.4%	<50%
Assets to Payroll	5.1	4.8	4.8	<5
Liabilities to Payroll	21.2	18.5	18.7	<5
Benefit Payments to Contributions	1.2	1.1	1.3	<3



The use of payroll in these risk measures is an easily available substitute for the employer's revenue and often reflects the employer's ability to afford the plan.

The current Assets to Payroll of 4.8 indicates that a 1% asset gain/loss is about 4.8% of the annual payroll. Similarly, the current Liabilities to Payroll of 18.7 indicates that a 1% change in liability is about 18.7% of the annual payroll.

If the plan or employer were interested in doing more quantitative assessments of risks, the following are examples of analyses that could be performed:

- Scenario Test: A process for assessing the impact of one possible event, or several simultaneously or sequentially occurring possible events, on a plan's financial condition. For example, the effect of a layoff or reduction in workforce, or early retirement program.
- Sensitivity Test: A process for assessing the impact of a change in an actuarial assumption on an actuarial measurement. This could be a decrease in the valuation discount rate or a change in future life expectancies.
- Stochastic Modeling: A process for generating numerous potential outcomes by allowing for random variations in one or more inputs over time for the purpose of assessing the distribution of those outcomes. This analysis could show a range of potential future contribution levels and the likelihood of contributions increasing to a certain level.
- Stress Test: A process for assessing the impact of adverse changes in one or relatively few factors affecting a plan's financial condition. For example, a stress test could show the impact of a single year or period of several years with significant investment losses.

## Section V. Projections for Premium Tax and COLA Eligibility



### Table 1 – Open Group Projection (Determines Eligibility for Premium Tax Allocation)

	Numbe	r (BOY)		Assets										
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	Total Payroll	Assets (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	Assets (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio
2019	13	18	\$617,676	\$2,909,069	\$380,466	\$534	\$115,300	\$50,843	\$136,710	\$162,413	\$2,993,335	\$11,791,410	\$8,798,075	25.39%
2020	12	20	\$629,587	\$2,993,335	\$430,075	\$2,791	\$123,291	\$51,330	\$145,654	\$132,195	\$3,012,939	\$12,190,871	\$9,177,932	24.71%
2021	12	20	\$655,879	\$3,012,939	\$444,936	\$2,868	\$131,921	\$53,976	\$149,916	\$133,090	\$3,034,038	\$12,607,939	\$9,573,901	24.06%
2022	12	20	\$692,230	\$3,034,038	\$462,245	\$2,947	\$141,155	\$57,694	\$151,258	\$133,971	\$3,052,924	\$13,045,845	\$9,992,921	23.40%
2023	12	20	\$732,217	\$3,052,924	\$472,497	\$3,028	\$151,036	\$61,461	\$157,992	\$135,044	\$3,082,932	\$13,514,584	\$10,431,652	22.81%
2024	12	20	\$773,121	\$3,082,932	\$481,180	\$3,111	\$161,609	\$65,234	\$162,477	\$136,619	\$3,124,580	\$14,017,491	\$10,892,911	22.29%
2025	12	20	\$789,441	\$3,124,580	\$509,037	\$3,197	\$172,922	\$67,301	\$167,087	\$138,271	\$3,157,927	\$14,524,142	\$11,366,215	21.74%
2026	12	21	\$823,446	\$3,157,927	\$540,690	\$3,388	\$185,027	\$71,371	\$172,339	\$139,540	\$3,182,126	\$15,039,948	\$11,857,822	21.16%
2027	12	21	\$866,560	\$3,182,126	\$559,581	\$3,481	\$197,979	\$75,878	\$177,216	\$140,704	\$3,210,841	\$15,582,280	\$12,371,439	20.61%
2028	12	21	\$911,638	\$3,210,841	\$604,054	\$3,577	\$211,838	\$80,418	\$183,444	\$141,552	\$3,220,462	\$16,127,116	\$12,906,654	19.97%
2029	12	21	\$945,718	\$3,220,462	\$649,886	\$3,675	\$226,667	\$84,150	\$189,360	\$141,508	\$3,208,586	\$16,666,399	\$13,457,813	19.25%
2030	12	21	\$988,770	\$3,208,586	\$671,394	\$3,776	\$242,534	\$88,892	\$194,702	\$141,070	\$3,200,614	\$17,228,633	\$14,028,019	18.58%
2031	12	21	\$1,037,578	\$3,200,614	\$687,524	\$3,880	\$259,511	\$93,988	\$200,192	\$140,963	\$3,203,864	\$17,823,827	\$14,619,963	17.98%
2032	12	21	\$1,073,615	\$3,203,864	\$746,070	\$3,987	\$277,677	\$98,158	\$205,833	\$140,427	\$3,175,902	\$18,403,943	\$15,228,041	17.26%
2033	12	21	\$1,118,758	\$3,175,902	\$775,273	\$4,097	\$297,114	\$103,440	\$211,629	\$139,195	\$3,147,910	\$19,002,844	\$15,854,934	16.57%
2034	12	21	\$1,191,616	\$3,147,910	\$781,394	\$4,210	\$317,912	\$110,559	\$218,936	\$138,581	\$3,148,294	\$19,660,329	\$16,512,035	16.01%
2035	12	21	\$1,239,127	\$3,148,294	\$807,111	\$4,326	\$340,166	\$115,704	\$226,171	\$138,794	\$3,157,692	\$20,347,084	\$17,189,392	15.52%
2036	12	21	\$1,301,679	\$3,157,692	\$829,671	\$4,445	\$363,978	\$122,362	\$237,316	\$139,638	\$3,186,870	\$21,075,764	\$17,888,894	15.12%
2037	12	21	\$1,369,982	\$3,186,870	\$842,232	\$4,567	\$389,456	\$129,215	\$244,565	\$141,550	\$3,244,857	\$21,860,459	\$18,615,602	14.84%
2038	12	21	\$1,409,426	\$3,244,857	\$872,186	\$4,693	\$416,718	\$133,264	\$251,417	\$144,339	\$3,313,716	\$22,670,180	\$19,356,464	14.62%
2039	12	21	\$1,466,679	\$3,313,716	\$907,489	\$4,822	\$445,888	\$138,886	\$258,458	\$147,580	\$3,392,217	\$23,509,111	\$20,116,894	14.43%
2040 2041	12 12	21 21	\$1,537,046 \$1,611,546	\$3,392,217 \$3,497,822	\$929,567 \$946,309	\$4,955 \$5,091	\$477,100 \$510,497	\$145,709 \$152,890	\$265,692 \$279,916	\$151,626 \$157,222	\$3,497,822 \$3,646,947	\$24,398,914 \$25,349,507	\$20,901,092 \$21,702,560	14.34% 14.39%
2041	12	21	\$1,687,113	\$3,497,822	\$946,309	\$5,091	\$510,497 \$546,232	\$152,890	\$287,744	\$164,724	\$3,839,131	\$25,349,507	\$21,702,560	14.56%
2042	12	21	\$1,765,179	\$3,839,131	\$976,909	\$5,375	\$584,468	\$167,649	\$299,869	\$174,312	\$4,083,145	\$27,451,649	\$23,368,504	14.87%
2043	12	20	\$1,820,576	\$4,083,145	\$1,016,597	\$5,355	\$625,381	\$172,968	\$313,189	\$185,735	\$4,358,466	\$28,574,186	\$24,215,720	15.25%
2045	12	20	\$1,874,484	\$4,358,466	\$1,070,797	\$5,502	\$669,158	\$178,145	\$324,468	\$198,255	\$4,652,193	\$29,719,506	\$25,067,313	15.65%
2046	12	21	\$1,951,876	\$4,652,193	\$1,112,001	\$5,830	\$715,999	\$185,498	\$336,671	\$212,026	\$4,984,556	\$30,913,794	\$25,929,238	16.12%
2047	12	21	\$2,011,480	\$4,984,556	\$1,172,142	\$5,990	\$766,119	\$191,181	\$346,052	\$227,091	\$5,336,867	\$32,131,863	\$26,794,996	16.61%
2048	12	21	\$2,049,777	\$5,336,867	\$1,264,339	\$6,155	\$819,747	\$194,838	\$367,301	\$242,638	\$5,690,897	\$33,334,222	\$27,643,325	17.07%
2049	12	21	\$2,104,503	\$5,690,897	\$1,348,974	\$6,324	\$877,129	\$200,028	\$377,528	\$258,302	\$6,048,586	\$34,536,522	\$28,487,936	17.51%
2050	12	21	\$2,172,761	\$6,048,586	\$1,421,748	\$6,498	\$938,528	\$206,509	\$502,807	\$277,073	\$6,545,257	\$35,755,638	\$29,210,381	18.31%
2051	12	21	\$2,247,007	\$6,545,257	\$1,490,034	\$6,677	\$1,004,225	\$213,563	\$527,169	\$300,061	\$7,093,564	\$36,999,360	\$29,905,796	19.17%
2052	12	21	\$2,326,389	\$7,093,564	\$1,555,773	\$6,861	\$1,074,521	\$221,104	\$545,697	\$325,412	\$7,697,664	\$38,273,545	\$30,575,881	20.11%
2053	12	22	\$2,407,805	\$7,697,664	\$1,621,316	\$7,263	\$1,149,737	\$228,842	\$655,262	\$355,413	\$8,458,339	\$39,580,499	\$31,122,160	21.37%
2054	12	22	\$2,491,443	\$8,458,339	\$1,689,560	\$7,463	\$1,230,219	\$236,789	\$1,363,315	\$405,844	\$9,997,483	\$40,919,942	\$30,922,459	24.43%
2055	12	22	\$2,583,622	\$9,997,483	\$1,755,999	\$7,668	\$1,316,334	\$245,548	\$1,402,047	\$476,595	\$11,674,340	\$42,299,325	\$30,624,985	27.60%
2056	12	22	\$2,678,614	\$11,674,340	\$1,822,872	\$7,879	\$1,408,477	\$254,577	\$1,441,843	\$553,698	\$13,502,184	\$43,721,332	\$30,219,148	30.88%
2057	12	22	\$2,778,142	\$13,502,184	\$1,891,650	\$8,096	\$1,507,070	\$264,032	\$1,709,653	\$642,780	\$15,725,973	\$45,188,317	\$29,462,344	34.80%
2058	12	22	\$2,886,506	\$15,725,973	\$1,957,285	\$8,319	\$1,612,565	\$274,326	\$1,828,247	\$746,600	\$18,222,107	\$46,710,092	\$28,487,985	39.01%
2059	12	22	\$3,000,857	\$18,222,107	\$2,019,720	\$8,548	\$1,725,445	\$285,193	\$2,123,897	\$866,864	\$21,195,238	\$48,295,175	\$27,099,937	43.89%
2060	12	22	\$3,120,192	\$21,195,238	\$2,083,076	\$8,783	\$1,846,226	\$296,533	\$2,184,278	\$1,003,524	\$24,433,940	\$49,948,058	\$25,514,118	48.92%

### Table 2 – Closed Group Projection (Determines Whether COLA is Granted)



	Numbe	r (BOY)		Assets										
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	Total Payroll	Assets (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	Assets (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio
2019	13	18	\$617,676	\$2,909,069	\$380,466	\$534	\$115,300	\$50,843	\$136,710	\$162,413	\$2,993,335	\$11,791,410	\$8,798,075	25.39%
2020	12	20	\$629,587	\$2,993,335	\$430,075	\$2,791	\$123,291	\$51,330	\$145,654	\$132,195	\$3,012,939	\$12,190,871	\$9,177,932	24.71%
2021	11	20	\$624,788	\$3,012,939	\$444,823	\$2,868	\$131,921	\$51,021	\$149,916	\$133,027	\$3,031,133	\$12,591,698	\$9,560,565	24.07%
2022	10	20	\$611,822	\$3,031,133	\$461,779	\$2,852	\$141,155	\$50,052	\$151,258	\$133,682	\$3,042,649	\$12,987,081	\$9,944,432	23.43%
2023	10	20	\$611,162	\$3,042,649	\$471,452	\$2,930	\$151,036	\$49,956	\$157,992	\$134,351	\$3,061,602	\$13,390,644	\$10,329,042	22.86%
2024	9	20	\$615,292	\$3,061,602	\$479,392	\$2,910	\$161,609	\$50,236	\$162,477	\$135,369	\$3,088,991	\$13,806,927	\$10,717,936	22.37%
2025	9	20	\$597,186	\$3,088,991	\$506,338	\$2,990	\$172,922	\$49,031	\$167,087	\$136,328	\$3,105,031	\$14,205,966	\$11,100,935	21.86%
2026	8	21	\$566,585	\$3,105,031	\$536,823	\$3,072	\$185,027	\$46,961	\$172,339	\$136,710	\$3,106,173	\$14,576,743	\$11,470,570	21.31%
2027	7	21	\$554,317	\$3,106,173	\$554,270	\$3,048	\$197,979	\$46,205	\$177,216	\$136,753	\$3,107,008	\$14,940,074	\$11,833,066	20.80%
2028	7	21	\$548,227	\$3,107,008	\$597,165	\$3,132	\$211,838	\$45,883	\$183,444	\$136,274	\$3,084,150	\$15,272,770	\$12,188,620	20.19%
2029	6	21	\$533,399	\$3,084,150	\$641,406	\$3,103	\$226,667	\$44,968	\$189,360	\$134,703	\$3,035,339	\$15,566,494	\$12,531,155	19.50%
2030	6	21	\$511,948	\$3,035,339	\$661,256	\$3,188	\$242,534	\$43,581	\$194,702	\$132,504	\$2,984,216	\$15,840,219	\$12,856,003	18.84%
2031	5	21	\$498,926	\$2,984,216	\$675,652	\$3,154	\$259,511	\$42,802	\$200,192	\$130,367	\$2,938,282	\$16,103,509	\$13,165,227	18.25%
2032	5	21	\$475,685	\$2,938,282	\$732,167	\$3,241	\$277,677	\$41,339	\$205,833	\$127,537	\$2,855,260	\$16,308,021	\$13,452,761	17.51%
2033	4	21	\$442,602	\$2,855,260	\$758,999	\$3,202	\$297,114	\$39,188	\$211,629	\$123,719	\$2,764,709	\$16,476,182	\$13,711,473	16.78%
2034	4	21	\$442,898	\$2,764,709	\$762,437	\$3,290	\$317,912	\$39,413	\$218,936	\$120,196	\$2,695,439	\$16,648,584	\$13,953,145	16.19%
2035	4	21	\$428,353	\$2,695,439	\$785,265	\$3,380	\$340,166	\$38,662	\$226,171	\$117,208	\$2,629,001	\$16,799,138	\$14,170,137	15.65%
2036	3	21	\$411,128	\$2,629,001	\$804,635	\$3,334	\$363,978	\$37,738	\$237,316	\$114,546	\$2,574,610	\$16,929,340	\$14,354,730	15.21%
2037	3	21	\$408,492	\$2,574,610	\$813,535	\$3,426	\$389,456	\$37,852	\$244,565	\$112,629	\$2,542,151	\$17,055,547	\$14,513,396	14.91%
2038	3	20	\$378,491	\$2,542,151	\$839,480	\$3,374	\$416,718	\$35,303	\$251,417	\$111,294	\$2,514,029	\$17,145,207	\$14,631,178	14.66%
2039	2	20	\$332,064	\$2,514,029	\$870,312	\$3,316	\$445,888	\$31,074	\$258,458	\$110,056	\$2,485,877	\$17,182,515	\$14,696,638	14.47%
2040	2	20	\$306,882	\$2,485,877	\$887,423	\$3,407	\$477,100	\$28,818	\$265,692	\$109,212	\$2,475,869	\$17,190,181	\$14,714,312	14.40%
2041	2	20	\$289,493	\$2,475,869	\$899,979	\$3,501	\$510,497	\$27,269	\$279,916	\$109,505	\$2,499,576	\$17,175,604	\$14,676,028	14.55%
2042	2	20	\$276,349	\$2,499,576	\$909,208	\$3,597	\$546,232	\$26,132	\$287,744	\$111,308	\$2,558,187	\$17,143,463	\$14,585,276	14.92%
2042	1	20	\$270,694	\$2,558,187	\$912,999	\$3,528	\$584,468	\$25,636	\$299,869	\$114,973	\$2,666,606	\$17,102,387	\$14,435,781	15.59%
2043	1	19	\$252,632	\$2,666,606	\$929,777	\$3,452	\$625,381	\$23,965	\$313,189	\$120,649	\$2,816,561	\$17,033,001	\$14,435,781	16.54%
	1	19			\$948,923									17.77%
2045 2046	1	19	\$221,813 \$215,303	\$2,816,561	\$946,923	\$3,547	\$669,158	\$21,083	\$324,468	\$128,130 \$137,942	\$3,006,930	\$16,925,166 \$16,806,633	\$13,918,236 \$13,543,567	19.42%
	1	18		\$3,006,930		\$3,645	\$715,999	\$20,462	\$336,671		\$3,263,066			
2047			\$196,100	\$3,263,066	\$968,689	\$3,558	\$766,119	\$18,653	\$346,052	\$150,367	\$3,572,010	\$16,656,207	\$13,084,197	21.45%
2048	1	18	\$143,526	\$3,572,010	\$1,013,615	\$3,656	\$819,747	\$13,674	\$367,301	\$164,823	\$3,920,284	\$16,430,382	\$12,510,098	23.86%
2049	0	18	\$94,697	\$3,920,284	\$1,042,201	\$3,559	\$877,129	\$9,014	\$377,528	\$181,262	\$4,319,457	\$16,144,594	\$11,825,137	26.75%
2050	0	18	\$68,492	\$4,319,457	\$1,054,166	\$3,657	\$938,528	\$6,520	\$502,807	\$203,055	\$4,912,544	\$15,822,573	\$10,910,029	31.05%
2051	0	17	\$49,300	\$4,912,544	\$1,060,130	\$3,549	\$1,004,225	\$4,693	\$527,169	\$231,577	\$5,616,529	\$15,471,796	\$9,855,267	36.30%
2052	0	17	\$35,532	\$5,616,529	\$1,061,357	\$3,647	\$1,074,521	\$3,383	\$545,697	\$265,174	\$6,440,300	\$15,098,124	\$8,657,824	42.66%
2053	0	17	\$25,399	\$6,440,300	\$1,059,124	\$3,747	\$1,149,737	\$2,418	\$655,262	\$306,381	\$7,491,227	\$14,705,614	\$7,214,387	50.94%
2054	0	16	\$16,136	\$7,491,227	\$1,055,386	\$3,624	\$1,230,219	\$1,536	\$1,363,315	\$371,286	\$9,398,573	\$14,295,256	\$4,896,683	65.75%
2055	0	16	\$10,835	\$9,398,573	\$1,047,987	\$3,724	\$1,316,334	\$1,031	\$1,402,047	\$460,046	\$11,526,320	\$13,871,774	\$2,345,454	83.09%
2056	0	16	\$7,271	\$11,526,320	\$1,038,530	\$3,826	\$1,408,477	\$692	\$995,283	\$548,994	\$13,437,410	\$13,437,410	-	100.00%
2057	0	15	\$3,451	\$13,437,410	\$1,028,348	\$3,686	\$4,751	\$329	-	\$581,831	\$12,992,287	\$12,992,287	-	100.00%
2058	0	15	-	\$12,992,287	\$1,016,885	\$3,787	\$3,787	-	-	\$562,025	\$12,537,427	\$12,537,427	-	100.00%
2059	0	14	-	\$12,537,427	\$1,001,943	\$3,632	\$3,632	-	-	\$541,889	\$12,077,373	\$12,077,373	-	100.00%
2060	0	14	-	\$12,077,373	\$985,829	\$3,732	\$3,732	-	-	\$521,545	\$11,613,089	\$11,613,089	-	100.00%



### Section VI. Funding Policy Change Analysis

### **Funding Policy Options**

For plans using the Alternative funding policy, West Virginia Code §8-22-20 requires the actuarial valuation report to provide an evaluation of the plan and to assess advantages of changing to other funding policies. The other funding policies available to this plan are the Optional and Conservation policies. The Optional funding policy is defined in West Virginia Code §8-22-20(e)(1), and is effective for plan years beginning after January 1, 2010. The Conservation funding policy is defined in West Virginia Code §8-22-20(f)(1), and is effective for plan years beginning after April 1, 2011.

If the municipality were to choose to fund using the Optional funding policy in lieu of the Alternative policy, then the following conditions would apply to the plan:

- The required total contribution to the plan, including the premium tax allocation and employee contributions, would equal the normal cost plus a 40-year amortization of the unfunded accrued liability from January 1, 2010 (30.5 years from July 1, 2019).
- The pension and relief fund would close to newly-hired police officers or firemen after the
  date of the change and new hires would join the statewide plan Municipal Police
  Officers and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS).
  - o Employer contributions for MPFRS currently equal 8.5% of pay
  - Employee contributions for MPFRS currently equal 8.5% of pay
  - The West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board can change the employer contribution and employee contribution rate to a percentage of pay between 8.5% and 10.5% as needed to maintain an actuarially sound pension plan.

If the municipality were to choose to fund using the Conservation funding policy in lieu of the Alternative policy, then the following conditions would apply to the plan:

- The plan assets would be segregated into two accounts, an accumulation account and a payment account; the accounts would be funded as follows:
  - Until the plan is 100% funded, 1.5% of employee contributions would be deposited into the accumulation account.
  - An actuarially determined portion of the state premium tax allocation would be deposited into the accumulation account equal to the amount needed to fully fund the pension plan liabilities from the accumulation account 35 years from the date the Conservation policy was effective for the fund.
  - The municipality would contribute to the payment account the current year benefit payments and expenses minus the remaining employee contributions and minus any state premium tax not allocated to the accumulation account.
- The pension and relief fund would close to newly-hired police officers or firemen after the date of the change and new hires would join the MPFRS
  - Employer contributions for MPFRS currently equal 8.5% of pay
  - Employee contributions for MPFRS currently equal 8.5% of pay



 The West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board can change the employer contribution and employee contribution rate to a percentage of pay between 8.5% and 10.5% as needed to maintain an actuarially sound pension plan.

As stated previously, the Alternative funding policy does not adhere to actuarial principles generally considered necessary to be classified as a reasonable funding method. One of the primary goals of a reasonable funding method is to contribute annually to the plan the cost of the additional benefits earned by the employees for that year (i.e. the normal cost) plus a level dollar or level percentage of pay amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. The Optional funding policy achieves this goal, but the Conservation funding policy does not.

To help the municipality understand the impact of switching, we calculated the projected contributions, liabilities and assets over a 40-year period under two different scenarios. The first scenario assumes the municipality switches to either the Optional or Conservation funding policies in the next valuation year. The second scenario assumes the municipality switches to either the Optional or Conservation funding policy in the year that the contribution for that funding policy is projected to be the same or less than the contribution under the Alternative funding policy. The projections are provided on the following pages of this report.

### Scenario 1 – Immediate Change

The following tables show the estimated contribution under the three funding policies in the next fiscal year and in 2060 assuming the municipality elects one of the new funding policies for the next fiscal year:

	Contribution Comparison for FYE June 30, 2021												
		Local Pla	ın	State	Plan	Total							
Funding Policy	Funded Status	Amount	% of Pay	Amount	% of Pay	Amount	% of Pay						
Alternative	25%	\$ 131,921	21.0%	N//	A N/A	\$ 131,921	21.0%						
Optional	25%	\$ 628,248	99.8%	\$ 2,64	3 8.5%	\$ 630,891	95.5%						
Conservation	25%	\$ 256,126	40.7%	\$ 2,64	3 8.5%	\$ 258,769	39.2%						

		Contribution Com	parison fo	or FYE June 30, 2	2060				
		Local Pla	n	State Pla	n	Total			
Funding Policy	100% Funded Year	Amount	% of Pay	Amount	% of Pay	Amount	% of Pay		
Alternative	After 2060	\$ 1,846,226	59.2%	N/A	N/A	\$ 1,846,226	59.2%		
Optional	2050	\$ 3,732	N/A	\$ 265,216	8.5%	\$ 268,948	8.6%		
Conservation	2055	\$ 3,732	N/A	\$ 265,216	8.5%	\$ 268,948	8.6%		



The projected year-by-year contribution requirements under the Optional and Conservation policies for the current plan are detailed in the projections in Tables 3 – 6 on the following pages. Please note, as more new hires enter the state plan in the future, the cost for the state plan will increase significantly.

### Scenario 2 – Change When Fiscally Advantageous

The following tables show estimated contributions under the Optional and Conservation funding policies if the municipality switches to these funding policies in the year that the estimated contribution is smaller than the contribution under the Alternative funding policy. The first table shows the contribution in the year of the change in funding policy, while the second table shows the contribution at the end of the projection period (FYE 2060).

	Contribution Comparison for Fiscal Year of Change												
Current Policy New Policy Difference													
Funding Policy	Year of Change	Total (Local + State) Contribution in Year of Change	Total (Local + State) Contribution in Year of Change	New Policy Contribution Minus Alternative									
Optional	After 2060	\$ 1,846,226	\$ 26,804,952	\$ 24,958,726									
Conservation	2043	\$ 584,468	\$ 555,874	\$ (28,594)									

	Contribution Comparison for FYE June 30, 2060													
Current Policy New Policy Difference														
Funding Policy	Funded Status	Total (Local + State) Contribution in FYE 2060	Total (Local + State) Contribution in FYE 2060	New Policy Contribution Minus Alternative										
Optional	49%	\$ 1,846,226	\$ 26,804,952	\$ 24,958,726										
Conservation														

The projected year-by-year contribution requirements under the Optional and Conservation policies assume the municipality switches funding policies in the year that the new funding policy contribution is projected to be less than the Alternative policy contribution. If the "Year of Change" is "after 2060" then the new funding policy contribution is not projected to be less than the Alternative funding policy contribution in the 40-year projection period. In this case, the *Difference* column is the amount that the Optional or Conservation funding policy contribution exceeds the Alternative contribution in 2060.

### Table 3 – Switch to Optional Funding Policy in 2021



	Number (BOY)					Ass	sets						
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	Assets (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	Assets (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio
2019	13	18	\$2,909,069	\$380,466	\$534	\$115,300	\$50,843	\$136,710	\$162,413	\$2,993,335	\$11,791,410	\$8,798,075	25.39%
2020	12	20	\$2,993,335	\$430,075	\$2,791	\$123,291	\$51,330	\$145,654	\$132,195	\$3,012,939	\$12,190,871	\$9,177,932	24.71%
2021	11	20	\$3,012,939	\$444,823	\$2,868	\$628,248	\$51,021	\$149,916	\$144,071	\$3,538,504	\$12,591,698	\$9,053,194	28.10%
2022	10	20	\$3,538,504	\$461,779	\$2,852	\$656,537	\$50,052	\$151,258	\$167,983	\$4,099,703	\$12,987,081	\$8,887,378	31.57%
2023	10	20	\$4,099,703	\$471,452	\$2,930	\$646,703	\$49,956	\$157,992	\$192,949	\$4,672,921	\$13,390,644	\$8,717,723	34.90%
2024	9	20	\$4,672,921	\$479,392	\$2,910	\$642,359	\$50,236	\$162,477	\$218,576	\$5,264,267	\$13,806,927	\$8,542,660	38.13%
2025	9	20	\$5,264,267	\$506,338	\$2,990	\$640,179	\$49,031	\$167,087	\$244,613	\$5,855,849	\$14,205,966	\$8,350,117	41.22%
2026	8	21	\$5,855,849	\$536,823	\$3,072	\$628,122	\$46,961	\$172,339	\$270,356	\$6,433,732	\$14,576,743	\$8,143,011	44.14%
2027	7	21	\$6,433,732	\$554,270	\$3,048	\$610,094	\$46,205	\$177,216	\$295,664	\$7,005,593	\$14,940,074	\$7,934,481	46.89%
2028	7	21	\$7,005,593	\$597,165	\$3,132	\$597,630	\$45,883	\$183,444	\$320,295	\$7,552,548	\$15,272,770	\$7,720,222	49.45%
2029	6	21	\$7,552,548	\$641,406	\$3,103	\$588,489	\$44,968	\$189,360	\$343,832	\$8,074,688	\$15,566,494	\$7,491,806	51.87%
2030	6	21	\$8,074,688	\$661,256	\$3,188	\$575,383	\$43,581	\$194,702	\$366,682	\$8,590,592	\$15,840,219	\$7,249,627	54.23%
2031	5	21	\$8,590,592	\$675,652	\$3,154	\$558,009	\$42,802	\$200,192	\$389,296	\$9,102,085	\$16,103,509	\$7,001,424	56.52%
2032	5	21	\$9,102,085	\$732,167	\$3,241	\$544,447	\$41,339	\$205,833	\$410,845	\$9,569,141	\$16,308,021	\$6,738,880	58.68%
2033	4	21	\$9,569,141	\$758,999	\$3,202	\$526,854	\$39,188	\$211,629	\$430,956	\$10,015,567	\$16,476,182	\$6,460,615	60.79%
2034	4	21	\$10,015,567	\$762,437	\$3,290	\$503,069	\$39,413	\$218,936	\$450,605	\$10,461,863	\$16,648,584	\$6,186,721	62.84%
2035	4	21	\$10,461,863	\$785,265	\$3,380	\$494,441	\$38,662	\$226,171	\$470,130	\$10,902,622	\$16,799,138	\$5,896,516	64.90%
2036	3	21	\$10,902,622	\$804,635	\$3,334	\$477,732	\$37,738	\$237,316	\$489,390	\$11,336,829	\$16,929,340	\$5,592,511	66.97%
2037	3	21	\$11,336,829	\$813,535	\$3,426	\$463,805	\$37,852	\$244,565	\$508,583	\$11,774,673	\$17,055,547	\$5,280,874	69.04%
2038	3	20	\$11,774,673	\$839,480	\$3,374	\$455,369	\$35,303	\$251,417	\$527,618	\$12,201,526	\$17,145,207	\$4,943,681	71.17%
2039	2	20	\$12,201,526	\$870,312	\$3,316	\$435,293	\$31,074	\$258,458	\$545,757	\$12,598,480	\$17,182,515	\$4,584,035	73.32%
2040	2	20	\$12,598,480	\$887,423	\$3,407	\$406,581	\$28,818	\$265,692	\$562,709	\$12,971,450	\$17,190,181	\$4,218,731	75.46%
2041	2	20	\$12,971,450	\$899,979	\$3,501	\$378,557	\$27,269	\$279,916	\$578,870	\$13,332,582	\$17,175,604	\$3,843,022	77.63%
2042	2	20	\$13,332,582	\$909,208	\$3,597	\$361,004	\$26,132	\$287,744	\$594,672	\$13,689,329	\$17,143,463	\$3,454,134	79.85%
2043	1	20	\$13,689,329	\$912,999	\$3,528	\$341,220	\$25,636	\$299,869	\$610,461	\$14,049,988	\$17,102,387	\$3,052,399	82.15%
2044	1	19	\$14,049,988	\$929,777	\$3,452	\$323,571	\$23,965	\$313,189	\$626,186	\$14,403,670	\$17,033,001	\$2,629,331	84.56%
2045	1	19	\$14,403,670	\$948,923	\$3,547	\$304,182	\$21,083	\$324,468	\$641,429	\$14,742,362	\$16,925,166	\$2,182,804	87.10%
2046	1	19	\$14,742,362	\$951,293	\$3,645	\$277,830	\$20,462	\$336,671	\$656,286	\$15,078,673	\$16,806,633	\$1,727,960	89.72%
2047	1	18	\$15,078,673	\$968,689	\$3,558	\$262,067	\$18,653	\$346,052	\$670,853	\$15,404,051	\$16,656,207	\$1,252,156	92.48%
2048	1	18	\$15,404,051	\$1,013,615	\$3,656	\$232,156	\$13,674	\$367,301	\$684,189	\$15,684,100	\$16,430,382	\$746,282	95.46%
2049	0	18	\$15,684,100	\$1,042,201	\$3,559	\$200,818	\$9,014	\$377,528	\$695,584	\$15,921,284	\$16,144,594	\$223,310	98.62%
2050	0	18	\$15,921,284	\$1,054,166	\$3,657	\$34,005	\$6,520	\$219,874	\$698,713	\$15,822,573	\$15,822,573	-	100.00%
2051	0	17	\$15,822,573	\$1,060,130	\$3,549	\$19,328	\$4,693	-	\$688,881	\$15,471,796	\$15,471,796	-	100.00%
2052	0	17	\$15,471,796	\$1,061,357	\$3,647	\$15,008	\$3,383	-	\$672,941	\$15,098,124	\$15,098,124	-	100.00%
2053	0	17	\$15,098,124	\$1,059,124	\$3,747	\$11,861	\$2,418	-	\$656,082	\$14,705,614	\$14,705,614	-	100.00%
2054	0	16	\$14,705,614	\$1,055,386	\$3,624	\$8,701	\$1,536	-	\$638,415	\$14,295,256	\$14,295,256	-	100.00%
2055	0	16	\$14,295,256	\$1,047,987	\$3,724	\$7,133	\$1,031	-	\$620,065	\$13,871,774	\$13,871,774	-	100.00%
2056	0	16	\$13,871,774	\$1,038,530	\$3,826	\$6,114	\$692	-	\$601,186	\$13,437,410	\$13,437,410	-	100.00%
2057	0	15	\$13,437,410	\$1,028,348	\$3,686	\$4,750	\$329	-	\$581,832	\$12,992,287	\$12,992,287	_	100.00%
2058	0	15	\$12,992,287	\$1,016,885	\$3,787	\$3,788	-	-	\$562,024	\$12,537,427	\$12,537,427	-	100.00%
2059	0	14	\$12,537,427	\$1,001,943	\$3,632	\$3,632	_	_	\$541,889	\$12,077,373	\$12,077,373	_	100.00%
2060	0	14	\$12,077,373	\$985,829	\$3,732	\$3,732	-	_	\$521,545	\$12,077,373	\$11,613,089	-	100.00%
2000	U	14	\$12,011,313	φ900,029	φ3,132	φ3,132	-	-	<b>ა</b> ე∠1,ე45	φ11,013,089	φ11,013,089	-	100.00%

### Table 3 – Switch to Optional Funding Policy in 2021 (Cont.)



									Employe	r Contributions					
Year End June 30	Closed Group Payroll	New Entrant Payroll	Total Payroll	Employee Contrib.	Gross Normal Cost	Interest on Gross Normal Cost	Net Employer Normal Cost	Amortization of UAAL	Mid-Year Interest on Amortization	Premium Tax Allocation	Net Employer Amortization	Expenses	Optional Employer Contrib.	Statewide Employer Contrib.	Total Employer Contrib.⁵
2019															
2020	\$629,587	-	\$629,587	\$50,213	\$295,830	\$5,466	\$251,083	\$512,802	\$11,411	\$149,916	\$374,297	\$2,868	\$628,248	-	\$630,891
2021	\$624,788	\$31,091	\$655,879	\$49,910	\$293,741	\$5,426	\$249,257	\$543,590	\$12,096	\$151,258	\$404,428	\$2,852	\$656,537	\$2,643	\$663,372
2022	\$611,822	\$80,408	\$692,230	\$48,962	\$287,858	\$5,316	\$244,212	\$545,416	\$12,137	\$157,992	\$399,561	\$2,930	\$646,703	\$6,835	\$656,993
2023	\$611,162	\$121,055	\$732,217	\$48,869	\$288,122	\$5,324	\$244,577	\$545,217	\$12,132	\$162,477	\$394,872	\$2,910	\$642,359	\$10,290	\$655,774
2024	\$615,292	\$157,829	\$773,121	\$49,142	\$290,683	\$5,375	\$246,916	\$545,227	\$12,133	\$167,087	\$390,273	\$2,990	\$640,179	\$13,415	\$656,521
2025	\$597,186	\$192,255	\$789,441	\$47,964	\$282,615	\$5,222	\$239,873	\$545,380	\$12,136	\$172,339	\$385,177	\$3,072	\$628,122	\$16,342	\$649,955
2026	\$566,585	\$256,861	\$823,446	\$45,939	\$268,208	\$4,946	\$227,215	\$544,921	\$12,126	\$177,216	\$379,831	\$3,048	\$610,094	\$21,833	\$636,635
2027	\$554,317	\$312,243	\$866,560	\$45,199	\$262,183	\$4,828	\$221,812	\$544,024	\$12,106	\$183,444	\$372,686	\$3,132	\$597,630	\$26,541	\$628,520
2028	\$548,227	\$363,411	\$911,638	\$44,884	\$259,183	\$4,769	\$219,068	\$543,582	\$12,096	\$189,360	\$366,318	\$3,103	\$588,489	\$30,890	\$623,536
2029	\$533,399	\$412,319	\$945,718	\$43,989	\$250,840	\$4,603	\$211,454	\$543,352	\$12,091	\$194,702	\$360,741	\$3,188	\$575,383	\$35,047	\$615,913
2030	\$511,948	\$476,822	\$988,770	\$42,632	\$238,472	\$4,358	\$200,198	\$542,771	\$12,078	\$200,192	\$354,657	\$3,154	\$558,009	\$40,530	\$603,794
2031	\$498,926	\$538,652	\$1,037,578	\$41,870	\$230,782	\$4,204	\$193,116	\$541,865	\$12,058	\$205,833	\$348,090	\$3,241	\$544,447	\$45,785	\$595,271
2032	\$475,685	\$597,930	\$1,073,615	\$40,439	\$218,482	\$3,962	\$182,005	\$541,232	\$12,044	\$211,629	\$341,647	\$3,202	\$526,854	\$50,824	\$584,327
2033	\$442,602	\$676,156	\$1,118,758	\$38,335	\$201,137	\$3,623	\$166,425	\$540,268	\$12,022	\$218,936	\$333,354	\$3,290	\$503,069	\$57,473	\$566,710
2034	\$442,898	\$748,718	\$1,191,616	\$38,555	\$201,318	\$3,622	\$166,385	\$538,856	\$11,991	\$226,171	\$324,676	\$3,380	\$494,441	\$63,641	\$563,357
2035	\$428,353	\$810,774	\$1,239,127	\$37,820	\$195,317	\$3,505	\$161,002	\$538,724	\$11,988	\$237,316	\$313,396	\$3,334	\$477,732	\$68,916	\$553,429
2036	\$411,128	\$890,551	\$1,301,679	\$36,917	\$188,307	\$3,369	\$154,759	\$538,209	\$11,976	\$244,565	\$305,620	\$3,426	\$463,805	\$75,697	\$545,532
2037	\$408,492	\$961,490	\$1,369,982	\$37,028	\$187,584	\$3,350	\$153,906	\$537,544	\$11,962	\$251,417	\$298,089	\$3,374	\$455,369	\$81,727	\$542,998
2038	\$378,491	\$1,030,935	\$1,409,426	\$34,535	\$172,556	\$3,071	\$141,092	\$537,385	\$11,958	\$258,458	\$290,885	\$3,316	\$435,293	\$87,629	\$531,735
2039	\$332,064	\$1,134,615	\$1,466,679	\$30,398	\$148,758	\$2,634	\$120,994	\$535,946	\$11,926	\$265,692	\$282,180	\$3,407	\$406,581	\$96,442	\$511,145
2040	\$306,882	\$1,230,164	\$1,537,046	\$28,191	\$135,525	\$2,388	\$109,722	\$533,381	\$11,869	\$279,916	\$265,334	\$3,501	\$378,557	\$104,564	\$490,932
2041	\$289,493	\$1,322,053	\$1,611,546	\$26,675	\$126,192	\$2,214	\$101,731	\$531,591	\$11,829	\$287,744	\$255,676	\$3,597	\$361,004	\$112,375	\$480,919
2042	\$276,349	\$1,410,764	\$1,687,113	\$25,563	\$119,040	\$2,080	\$95,557	\$530,206	\$11,798	\$299,869	\$242,135	\$3,528	\$341,220	\$119,915	\$468,251
2043	\$270,694	\$1,494,485	\$1,765,179	\$25,078	\$115,582	\$2,014	\$92,518	\$529,018	\$11,772	\$313,189	\$227,601	\$3,452	\$323,571	\$127,031	\$456,846
2044	\$252,632	\$1,567,944	\$1,820,576	\$23,443	\$106,673	\$1,852	\$85,082	\$528,266	\$11,755	\$324,468	\$215,553	\$3,547	\$304,182	\$133,275	\$444,659
2045	\$221,813	\$1,652,671	\$1,874,484	\$20,624	\$91,597	\$1,579	\$72,552	\$526,586	\$11,718	\$336,671	\$201,633	\$3,645	\$277,830	\$140,477	\$425,439
2046	\$215,303	\$1,736,573	\$1,951,876	\$20,017	\$88,322	\$1,520	\$69,825	\$523,096	\$11,640	\$346,052	\$188,684	\$3,558	\$262,067	\$147,609	\$416,374
2047	\$196,100	\$1,815,380	\$2,011,480	\$18,247	\$79,924	\$1,372	\$63,049	\$521,155	\$11,597	\$367,301	\$165,451	\$3,656	\$232,156	\$154,307	\$394,187
2048	\$143,526	\$1,906,251	\$2,049,777	\$13,376	\$58,197	\$997	\$45,818	\$517,454	\$11,515	\$377,528	\$151,441	\$3,559	\$200,818	\$162,031	\$371,652
2049	\$94,697	\$2,009,806	\$2,104,503	\$8,818	\$38,505	\$661	\$30,348	\$502,976	\$11,192	\$219,874	\$294,294	\$3,657	\$34,005	\$170,834	\$212,868
2050	\$68,492	\$2,104,269	\$2,172,761	\$6,378	\$27,843	\$478	\$21,943	-	-	-	-	\$3,549	\$19,328	\$178,863	\$206,133
2051	\$49,300	\$2,197,707	\$2,247,007	\$4,591	\$20,026	\$343	\$15,778	-	-	-	-	\$3,647	\$15,008	\$186,805	\$209,731
2052	\$35,532	\$2,290,857	\$2,326,389	\$3,309	\$14,423	\$247	\$11,361	-	-	-	-	\$3,747	\$11,861	\$194,723	\$214,366
2053	\$25,399	\$2,382,406	\$2,407,805	\$2,365	\$10,303	\$177	\$8,115	-	-	-	-	\$3,624	\$8,701	\$202,505	\$219,102
2054	\$16,136	\$2,475,307	\$2,491,443	\$1,503	\$6,469	\$111	\$5,077	-	-	-	-	\$3,724	\$7,133	\$210,401	\$225,820
2055	\$10,835	\$2,572,787	\$2,583,622	\$1,009	\$4,343	\$74	\$3,408	-	-	-	-	\$3,826	\$6,114	\$218,687	\$233,178
2056	\$7,271	\$2,671,343	\$2,678,614	\$677	\$2,915	\$50	\$2,288	-	-	-	-	\$3,686	\$4,750	\$227,064	\$240,599
2057	\$3,451	\$2,774,691	\$2,778,142	\$322	\$1,363	\$23	\$1,064	-	-	-	-	\$3,787	\$3,788	\$235,849	\$249,141
2058	-	\$2,886,506	\$2,886,506	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$3,632	\$3,632	\$245,353	\$258,705
2059	-	\$3,000,857	\$3,000,857		-		-	-	-	-	-	\$3,732	\$3,732	\$255,073	\$268,948
2060															

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The *Total Employer Contrib*. for each row is equal to the sum of the current row *Optional Employer Contrib*. and the *Statewide Employer Contrib*. corresponding to the following row (since contributions under the Optional policy are assumed to be contributed in the fiscal year following the plan year).

### Table 4 – Switch to Conservation Funding Policy in 2021



	Number (BOY)						Ass	ets						
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	Total Payroll	Assets (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	Assets (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio
2019	13	18	\$617,676	\$2,909,069	\$380,466	\$534	\$115,300	\$50,843	\$136,710	\$162,413	\$2,993,335	\$11,791,410	\$8,798,075	25.39%
2020	12	20	\$629,587	\$2,993,335	\$430,075	\$2,791	\$123,291	\$51,330	\$145,654	\$132,195	\$3,012,939	\$12,190,871	\$9,177,932	24.71%
2021	11	20	\$624,788	\$3,012,939	\$444,823	\$2,868	\$256,126	\$51,021	\$149,916	\$135,791	\$3,158,102	\$12,591,698	\$9,433,596	25.08%
2022	10	20	\$611,822	\$3,158,102	\$461,779	\$2,852	\$272,498	\$50,052	\$151,258	\$142,319	\$3,309,598	\$12,987,081	\$9,677,483	25.48%
2023	10	20	\$611,162	\$3,309,598	\$471,452	\$2,930	\$275,601	\$49,956	\$157,992	\$149,136	\$3,467,901	\$13,390,644	\$9,922,743	25.90%
2024	9	20	\$615,292	\$3,467,901	\$479,392	\$2,910	\$278,818	\$50,236	\$162,477	\$156,261	\$3,633,391	\$13,806,927	\$10,173,536	26.32%
2025	9	20	\$597,186	\$3,633,391	\$506,338	\$2,990	\$302,168	\$49,031	\$167,087	\$163,702	\$3,806,051	\$14,205,966	\$10,399,915	26.79%
2026	8	21	\$566,585	\$3,806,051	\$536,823	\$3,072	\$329,094	\$46,961	\$172,339	\$171,461	\$3,986,011	\$14,576,743	\$10,590,732	27.35%
2027	7	21	\$554,317	\$3,986,011	\$554,270	\$3,048	\$342,212	\$46,205	\$177,216	\$179,556	\$4,173,882	\$14,940,074	\$10,766,192	27.94%
2028	7	21	\$548,227	\$4,173,882	\$597,165	\$3,132	\$379,193	\$45,883	\$183,444	\$188,008	\$4,370,113	\$15,272,770	\$10,902,657	28.61%
2029	6	21	\$533,399	\$4,370,113	\$641,406	\$3,103	\$418,182	\$44,968	\$189,360	\$196,833	\$4,574,947	\$15,566,494	\$10,991,547	29.39%
2030	6	21	\$511,948	\$4,574,947	\$661,256	\$3,188	\$433,840	\$43,581	\$194,702	\$206,043	\$4,788,669	\$15,840,219	\$11,051,550	30.23%
2031	5	21	\$498,926	\$4,788,669	\$675,652	\$3,154	\$443,296	\$42,802	\$200,192	\$215,657	\$5,011,810	\$16,103,509	\$11,091,699	31.12%
2032	5	21	\$475,685	\$5,011,810	\$732,167	\$3,241	\$495,371	\$41,339	\$205,833	\$225,690	\$5,244,635	\$16,308,021	\$11,063,386	32.16%
2033	4	21	\$442,602	\$5,244,635	\$758,999	\$3,202	\$518,023	\$39,188	\$211,629	\$236,156	\$5,487,430	\$16,476,182	\$10,988,752	33.31%
2034	4	21	\$442,898	\$5,487,430	\$762,437	\$3,290	\$514,021	\$39,413	\$218,936	\$247,082	\$5,741,155	\$16,648,584	\$10,907,429	34.48%
2035	4	21	\$428,353	\$5,741,155	\$785,265	\$3,380	\$530,237	\$38,662	\$226,171	\$258,495	\$6,006,075	\$16,799,138	\$10,793,063	35.75%
2036	3	21	\$411,128	\$6,006,075	\$804,635	\$3,334	\$539,082	\$37,738	\$237,316	\$270,411	\$6,282,653	\$16,929,340	\$10,646,687	37.11%
2037	3	21	\$408,492	\$6,282,653	\$813,535	\$3,426	\$540,671	\$37,852	\$244,565	\$282,856	\$6,571,636	\$17,055,547	\$10,483,911	38.53%
2038	3	20	\$378,491	\$6,571,636	\$839,480	\$3,374	\$561,811	\$35,303	\$251,417	\$295,850	\$6,873,163	\$17,145,207	\$10,272,044	40.09%
2039	2	20	\$332,064	\$6,873,163	\$870,312	\$3,316	\$589,077	\$31,074	\$258,458	\$309,403	\$7,187,547	\$17,182,515	\$9,994,968	41.83%
2040	2	20	\$306,882	\$7,187,547	\$887,423	\$3,407	\$600,923	\$28,818	\$265,692	\$323,542	\$7,515,692	\$17,190,181	\$9,674,489	43.72%
2041	2	20	\$289,493	\$7,515,692	\$899,979	\$3,501	\$600,637	\$27,269	\$279,916	\$338,303	\$7,858,337	\$17,175,604	\$9,317,267	45.75%
2042	2	20	\$276,349	\$7,858,337	\$909,208	\$3,597	\$603,074	\$26,132	\$287,744	\$353,717	\$8,216,199	\$17,143,463	\$8,927,264	47.93%
2043	1	20	\$270,694	\$8,216,199	\$912,999	\$3,528	\$595,082	\$25,636	\$299,869	\$369,819	\$8,590,078	\$17,102,387	\$8,512,309	50.23%
2044	1	19	\$252,632	\$8,590,078	\$929,777	\$3,452	\$599,864	\$23,965	\$313,189	\$386,638	\$8,980,505	\$17,033,001	\$8,052,496	52.72%
2045	1	19	\$221,813	\$8,980,505	\$948,923	\$3,547	\$610,246	\$21,083	\$324,468	\$404,197	\$9,388,029	\$16,925,166	\$7,537,137	55.47%
2046	1	19	\$215,303	\$9,388,029	\$951,293	\$3,645	\$601,035	\$20,462	\$336,671	\$422,533	\$9,813,792	\$16,806,633	\$6,992,841	58.39%
2047	1	18	\$196,100	\$9,813,792	\$968,689	\$3,558	\$610,484	\$18,653	\$346,052	\$441,686	\$10,258,420	\$16,656,207	\$6,397,787	61.59%
2048	1	18	\$143,526	\$10,258,420	\$1,013,615	\$3,656	\$638,449	\$13,674	\$367,301	\$461,677	\$10,722,250	\$16,430,382	\$5,708,132	65.26%
2049	0	18	\$94,697	\$10,722,250	\$1,042,201	\$3,559	\$660,638	\$9,014	\$377,528	\$482,533	\$11,206,203	\$16,144,594	\$4,938,391	69.41%
2050	0	18	\$68,492	\$11,206,203	\$1,054,166	\$3,657	\$549,523	\$6,520	\$502,807	\$504,302	\$11,711,532	\$15,822,573	\$4,111,041	74.02%
2051	0	17	\$49,300	\$11,711,532	\$1,060,130	\$3,549	\$532,557	\$4,693	\$527,169	\$527,035	\$12,239,307	\$15,471,796	\$3,232,489	79.11%
2052	0	17	\$35,532	\$12,239,307	\$1,061,357	\$3,647	\$516,457	\$3,383	\$545,697	\$550,781	\$12,790,621	\$15,098,124	\$2,307,503	84.72%
2053	0	17	\$25,399	\$12,790,621	\$1,059,124	\$3,747	\$405,572	\$2,418	\$655,262	\$575,586	\$13,366,588	\$14,705,614	\$1,339,026	90.89%
2054	0	16	\$16,136	\$13,366,588	\$1,055,386	\$3,624	(305,599)	\$1,536	\$1,363,315	\$601,502	\$13,968,332	\$14,295,256	\$326,924	97.71%
2055	0	16	\$10,835	\$13,968,332	\$1,047,987	\$3,724	\$3,724	\$1,031	\$337,608	\$612,790	\$13,871,774	\$13,871,774	-	100.00%
2056	0	16	\$7,271	\$13,871,774	\$1,038,530	\$3,826	\$6,114	\$692	-	\$601,186	\$13,437,410	\$13,437,410	-	100.00%
2057	0	15	\$3,451	\$13,437,410	\$1,028,348	\$3,686	\$4,751	\$329	-	\$581,831	\$12,992,287	\$12,992,287	-	100.00%
2058	0	15	-	\$12,992,287	\$1,016,885	\$3,787	\$3,787	-	-	\$562,025	\$12,537,427	\$12,537,427	-	100.00%
2059	0	14	-	\$12,537,427	\$1,001,943	\$3,632	\$3,632	-	-	\$541,889	\$12,077,373	\$12,077,373	-	100.00%
2060	0	14	-	\$12,077,373	\$985,829	\$3,732	\$3,732	-	-	\$521,545	\$11,613,089	\$11,613,089	-	100.00%

### Table 4 – Switch to Conservation Funding Policy in 2021 (Cont.)



	Benefit Payment Account <sup>6</sup>									Accumulatio	n Account				
Year End June 30	Assets (BOY)	Net Benefit Pmts and Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	100.00% of Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	Transfer (To)/From Accumulatio n Account	Assets (BOY)	Net Benefit Pmts and Expenses	Employer Contrib.	1.50% of Pay Employee Contrib.	0.00% of Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	Statewide Employer Contrib.	Total Employer Contrib.
2019 2020															
2021	-	\$447,691	\$256,126	\$41,649	\$149,916	-	-	\$3,012,939	-	-	\$9,372	-	\$135,791	\$2,643	\$258,769
2022	-	\$464,631	\$272,498	\$40,875	\$151,258	-	-	\$3,158,102	-	-	\$9,177	-	\$142,319	\$6,835	\$279,333
2023	-	\$474,382	\$275,601	\$40,789	\$157,992	-	-	\$3,309,598	-	-	\$9,167		\$149,136	\$10,290	\$285,891
2024	-	\$482,302	\$278,818	\$41,007	\$162,477	-	-	\$3,467,901	-	-	\$9,229	-	\$156,261	\$13,415	\$292,233
2025	-	\$509,328	\$302,168	\$40,073	\$167,087	-	-	\$3,633,391	-	-	\$8,958	-	\$163,702	\$16,342	\$318,510
2026	-	\$539,895	\$329,094	\$38,462	\$172,339	-	-	\$3,806,051	-	-	\$8,499	-	\$171,461	\$21,833	\$350,927
2027	-	\$557,318	\$342,212	\$37,890	\$177,216	-	-	\$3,986,011	-	-	\$8,315	-	\$179,556	\$26,541	\$368,753
2028	-	\$600,297	\$379,193	\$37,660	\$183,444	-	-	\$4,173,882	-	-	\$8,223	-	\$188,008	\$30,890	\$410,083
2029	-	\$644,509	\$418,182	\$36,967	\$189,360	-	-	\$4,370,113	-	-	\$8,001	-	\$196,833	\$35,047	\$453,229
2030	-	\$664,444	\$433,840	\$35,902	\$194,702	-	-	\$4,574,947	-	-	\$7,679	-	\$206,043	\$40,530	\$474,370
2031	-	\$678,806	\$443,296	\$35,318	\$200,192	-	-	\$4,788,669	-	-	\$7,484	-	\$215,657	\$45,785	\$489,081
2032	-	\$735,408	\$495,371	\$34,204	\$205,833	-	-	\$5,011,810	-	-	\$7,135	-	\$225,690	\$50,824	\$546,195
2033	-	\$762,201	\$518,023	\$32,549	\$211,629	-	-	\$5,244,635	-	-	\$6,639	-	\$236,156	\$57,473	\$575,496
2034	-	\$765,727	\$514,021	\$32,770	\$218,936	-	-	\$5,487,430	-	-	\$6,643	-	\$247,082	\$63,641	\$577,662
2035	-	\$788,645	\$530,237	\$32,237	\$226,171	-	-	\$5,741,155	-	-	\$6,425	-	\$258,495	\$68,916	\$599,153
2036	-	\$807,969	\$539,082	\$31,571	\$237,316	-	-	\$6,006,075	-	-	\$6,167	-	\$270,411	\$75,697	\$614,779
2037	-	\$816,961	\$540,671	\$31,725	\$244,565	-	-	\$6,282,653	-	-	\$6,127	-	\$282,856	\$81,727	\$622,398
2038	-	\$842,854	\$561,811	\$29,626	\$251,417	-	-	\$6,571,636	-	-	\$5,677	-	\$295,850	\$87,629	\$649,440
2039	-	\$873,628	\$589,077	\$26,093	\$258,458	-	-	\$6,873,163	-	-	\$4,981	-	\$309,403	\$96,442	\$685,519
2040	-	\$890,830	\$600,923	\$24,215	\$265,692	-	-	\$7,187,547	-	-	\$4,603	-	\$323,542	\$104,564	\$705,487
2041	-	\$903,480	\$600,637	\$22,927	\$279,916	-	-	\$7,515,692	-	-	\$4,342	-	\$338,303	\$112,375	\$713,012
2042	-	\$912,805	\$603,074	\$21,987	\$287,744	-	-	\$7,858,337	-	-	\$4,145	-	\$353,717	\$119,915	\$722,989
2043	-	\$916,527	\$595,082	\$21,576	\$299,869	-	-	\$8,216,199	-	-	\$4,060	-	\$369,819	\$127,031	\$722,113
2044	-	\$933,229	\$599,864	\$20,176	\$313,189	-	-	\$8,590,078	-	-	\$3,789	-	\$386,638	\$133,275	\$733,139
2045	-	\$952,470	\$610,246	\$17,756	\$324,468	-	-	\$8,980,505	-	-	\$3,327	-	\$404,197	\$140,477	\$750,723
2046	-	\$954,938	\$601,035	\$17,232	\$336,671	-	-	\$9,388,029	-	-	\$3,230	-	\$422,533	\$147,609	\$748,644
2047	-	\$972,247	\$610,484	\$15,711	\$346,052	-	-	\$9,813,792	-	-	\$2,942	-	\$441,686	\$154,307	\$764,791
2048	-	\$1,017,271	\$638,449	\$11,521	\$367,301	-	-	\$10,258,420	-	-	\$2,153	-	\$461,677	\$162,031	\$800,480
2049	-	\$1,045,760	\$660,638	\$7,594	\$377,528	-	-	\$10,722,250	-	-	\$1,420	-	\$482,533	\$170,834	\$831,472
2050	-	\$1,057,823	\$549,523	\$5,493	\$502,807	-	-	\$11,206,203	-	-	\$1,027	-	\$504,302	\$178,863	\$728,386
2051	-	\$1,063,679	\$532,557	\$3,953	\$527,169	-	-	\$11,711,532	-	-	\$740	-	\$527,035	\$186,805	\$719,362
2052	-	\$1,065,004	\$516,457	\$2,850	\$545,697	-	-	\$12,239,307	-	-	\$533	-	\$550,781	\$194,723	\$711,180
2053	-	\$1,062,871	\$405,572	\$2,037	\$655,262	-	-	\$12,790,621	-	-	\$381	-	\$575,586	\$202,505	\$608,077
2054	-	\$1,059,010	(305,599)	\$1,294	\$1,363,315	-	-	\$13,366,588	-	-	\$242	-	\$601,502	\$210,401	(95,198)
2055	-	\$1,051,711	\$3,724	\$868	\$337,608	-	\$709,511	\$13,968,332	-	-	\$163		\$612,790	\$218,687	\$222,411
2056	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$13,871,774	\$1,042,356	\$6,114	\$692	-	\$601,186	\$227,064	\$233,178
2057	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$13,437,410	\$1,032,034	\$4,751	\$329		\$581,831	\$235,849	\$240,600
2058	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$12,992,287	\$1,020,672	\$3,787	-	-	\$562,025	\$245,353	\$249,140
2059	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$12,537,427	\$1,005,575	\$3,632	-	-	\$541,889	\$255,073	\$258,705
2060	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$12,077,373	\$989,561	\$3,732	-	-	\$521,545	\$265,216	\$268,948

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Employer contributions paid from the City's General Fund are used to finance benefits not covered by the applicable employee contributions or premium tax allocation. City of Princeton Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund

### Table 5 – Switch to Optional Funding Policy After 2060



	Number (	воу)				Ass	sets						
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	Assets (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	Assets (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio
2019	13	18	\$2,909,069	\$380,466	\$534	\$115,300	\$50,843	\$136,710	\$162,413	\$2,993,335	\$11,791,410	\$8,798,075	25.39%
2020	12	20	\$2,993,335	\$430,075	\$2,791	\$123,291	\$51,330	\$145,654	\$132,195	\$3,012,939	\$12,190,871	\$9,177,932	24.71%
2021	12	20	\$3,012,939	\$444,936	\$2,868	\$131,921	\$53,976	\$149,916	\$133,090	\$3,034,038	\$12,607,939	\$9,573,901	24.06%
2022	12	20	\$3,034,038	\$462,245	\$2,947	\$141,155	\$57,694	\$151,258	\$133,971	\$3,052,924	\$13,045,845	\$9,992,921	23.40%
2023	12	20	\$3,052,924	\$472,497	\$3,028	\$151,036	\$61,461	\$157,992	\$135,044	\$3,082,932	\$13,514,584	\$10,431,652	22.81%
2024	12	20	\$3,082,932	\$481,180	\$3,111	\$161,609	\$65,234	\$162,477	\$136,619	\$3,124,580	\$14,017,491	\$10,892,911	22.29%
2025	12	20	\$3,124,580	\$509,037	\$3,197	\$172,922	\$67,301	\$167,087	\$138,271	\$3,157,927	\$14,524,142	\$11,366,215	21.74%
2026	12	21	\$3,157,927	\$540,690	\$3,388	\$185,027	\$71,371	\$172,339	\$139,540	\$3,182,126	\$15,039,948	\$11,857,822	21.16%
2027	12	21	\$3,182,126	\$559,581	\$3,481	\$197,979	\$75,878	\$177,216	\$140,704	\$3,210,841	\$15,582,280	\$12,371,439	20.61%
2028	12	21	\$3,210,841	\$604,054	\$3,577	\$211,838	\$80,418	\$183,444	\$141,552	\$3,220,462	\$16,127,116	\$12,906,654	19.97%
2029	12	21	\$3,220,462	\$649,886	\$3,675	\$226,667	\$84,150	\$189,360	\$141,508	\$3,208,586	\$16,666,399	\$13,457,813	19.25%
2030	12	21	\$3,208,586	\$671,394	\$3,776	\$242,534	\$88,892	\$194,702	\$141,070	\$3,200,614	\$17,228,633	\$14,028,019	18.58%
2031	12	21	\$3,200,614	\$687,524	\$3,880	\$259,511	\$93,988	\$200,192	\$140,963	\$3,203,864	\$17,823,827	\$14,619,963	17.98%
2032	12	21	\$3,203,864	\$746,070	\$3,987	\$277,677	\$98,158	\$205,833	\$140,427	\$3,175,902	\$18,403,943	\$15,228,041	17.26%
2033	12	21	\$3,175,902	\$775,273	\$4,097	\$297,114	\$103,440	\$211,629	\$139,195	\$3,147,910	\$19,002,844	\$15,854,934	16.57%
2034	12	21	\$3,147,910	\$781,394	\$4,210	\$317,912	\$110,559	\$218,936	\$138,581	\$3,148,294	\$19,660,329	\$16,512,035	16.01%
2035	12	21	\$3,148,294	\$807,111	\$4,326	\$340,166	\$115,704	\$226,171	\$138,794	\$3,157,692	\$20,347,084	\$17,189,392	15.52%
2036	12	21	\$3,157,692	\$829,671	\$4,445	\$363,978	\$122,362	\$237,316	\$139,638	\$3,186,870	\$21,075,764	\$17,888,894	15.12%
2037	12	21	\$3,186,870	\$842,232	\$4,567	\$389,456	\$129,215	\$244,565	\$141,550	\$3,244,857	\$21,860,459	\$18,615,602	14.84%
2038	12	21	\$3,244,857	\$872,186	\$4,693	\$416,718	\$133,264	\$251,417	\$144,339	\$3,313,716	\$22,670,180	\$19,356,464	14.62%
2039	12	21	\$3,313,716	\$907,489	\$4,822	\$445,888	\$138,886	\$258,458	\$147,580	\$3,392,217	\$23,509,111	\$20,116,894	14.43%
2040	12	21	\$3,392,217	\$929,567	\$4,955	\$477,100	\$145,709	\$265,692	\$151,626	\$3,497,822	\$24,398,914	\$20,901,092	14.34%
2041	12	21	\$3,497,822	\$946,309	\$5,091	\$510,497	\$152,890	\$279,916	\$157,222	\$3,646,947	\$25,349,507	\$21,702,560	14.39%
2042	12	21	\$3,646,947	\$961,470	\$5,231	\$546,232	\$160,185	\$287,744	\$164,724	\$3,839,131	\$26,365,817	\$22,526,686	14.56%
2043	12	21	\$3,839,131	\$976,909	\$5,375	\$584,468	\$167,649	\$299,869	\$174,312	\$4,083,145	\$27,451,649	\$23,368,504	14.87%
2044	12	20	\$4,083,145	\$1,016,597	\$5,355	\$625,381	\$172,968	\$313,189	\$185,735	\$4,358,466	\$28,574,186	\$24,215,720	15.25%
2045	12	20	\$4,358,466	\$1,070,797	\$5,502	\$669,158	\$178,145	\$324,468	\$198,255	\$4,652,193	\$29,719,506	\$25,067,313	15.65%
2046	12	21	\$4,652,193	\$1,112,001	\$5,830	\$715,999	\$185,498	\$336,671	\$212,026	\$4,984,556	\$30,913,794	\$25,929,238	16.12%
2047	12	21	\$4,984,556	\$1,172,142	\$5,990	\$766,119	\$191,181	\$346,052	\$227,091	\$5,336,867	\$32,131,863	\$26,794,996	16.61%
2048	12	21	\$5,336,867	\$1,264,339	\$6,155	\$819,747	\$194,838	\$367,301	\$242,638	\$5,690,897	\$33,334,222	\$27,643,325	17.07%
2049	12	21	\$5,690,897	\$1,348,974	\$6,324	\$877,129	\$200,028	\$377,528	\$258,302	\$6,048,586	\$34,536,522	\$28,487,936	17.51%
2050	12	21	\$6,048,586	\$1,421,748	\$6,498	\$938,528	\$206,509	\$502,807	\$277,073	\$6,545,257	\$35,755,638	\$29,210,381	18.31%
2051	12	21	\$6,545,257	\$1,490,034	\$6,677	\$1,004,225	\$213,563	\$527,169	\$300,061	\$7,093,564	\$36,999,360	\$29,905,796	19.17%
2052	12	21	\$7,093,564	\$1,555,773	\$6,861	\$1,074,521	\$221,104	\$545,697	\$325,412	\$7,697,664	\$38,273,545	\$30,575,881	20.11%
2053	12	22	\$7,697,664	\$1,621,316	\$7,263	\$1,149,737	\$228,842	\$655,262	\$355,413	\$8,458,339	\$39,580,499	\$31,122,160	21.37%
2054	12	22	\$8,458,339	\$1,689,560	\$7,463	\$1,230,219	\$236,789	\$1,363,315	\$405,844	\$9,997,483	\$40,919,942	\$30,922,459	24.43%
2055	12	22	\$9,997,483	\$1,755,999	\$7,668	\$1,316,334	\$245,548	\$1,402,047	\$476,595	\$11,674,340	\$42,299,325	\$30,624,985	27.60%
2056	12	22	\$11,674,340	\$1,822,872	\$7,879	\$1,408,477	\$254,577	\$1,441,843	\$553,698	\$13,502,184	\$43,721,332	\$30,219,148	30.88%
2057	12	22	\$13,502,184	\$1,891,650	\$8,096	\$1,507,070	\$264,032	\$1,709,653	\$642,780	\$15,725,973	\$45,188,317	\$29,462,344	34.80%
2058	12	22	\$15,725,973	\$1,957,285	\$8,319	\$1,612,565	\$274,326	\$1,828,247	\$746,600	\$18,222,107	\$46,710,092	\$28,487,985	39.01%
2059	12	22	\$18,222,107	\$2,019,720	\$8,548	\$1,725,445	\$285,193	\$2,123,897	\$866,864	\$21,195,238	\$48,295,175	\$27,099,937	43.89%
2060													

### Table 5 – Switch to Optional Funding Policy After 2060 (Cont.)



								En	nployer Contrib	outions							
Year End June 30	Closed Group Payroll	New Entrant Payroll	Total Payroll	Employee Contrib.	Gross Normal Cost	Interest on Gross Normal Cost	Net Employer Normal Cost	Amortization of UAAL	Mid-Year Interest on Amortization	Premium Tax Allocation	Net Employer Amortization	Expense s	Opt. Employer Contrib.	Statewide Employer Contrib.	Total Contrib. if Switch	Alt. Employer Contrib.	Final Employer Contrib. <sup>7</sup>
2019																	
2020	\$629,587	-	\$629,587	\$51,330	\$295,830	\$5,466	\$251,083	\$512,802	\$11,411	\$149,916	\$374,297	\$2,868	\$628,248	-	\$628,248	\$123,291	\$131,921
2021	\$655,879	-	\$655,879	\$53,976	\$309,393	\$5,684	\$261,101	\$543,590	\$12,096	\$151,258	\$404,428	\$2,947	\$668,476	-	\$668,476	\$131,921	\$141,155
2022	\$692,230	-	\$692,230	\$57,694	\$328,306	\$6,022	\$276,634	\$576,786	\$12,835	\$157,992	\$431,629	\$3,028	\$711,291	-	\$711,291	\$141,155	\$151,036
2023	\$732,217	-	\$732,217	\$61,461	\$348,983	\$6,398	\$293,920	\$613,039	\$13,642	\$162,477	\$464,204	\$3,111	\$761,235	-	\$761,235	\$151,036	\$161,609
2024	\$773,121	-	\$773,121	\$65,234	\$369,989	\$6,782	\$311,537	\$652,420	\$14,518	\$167,087	\$499,851	\$3,197	\$814,585	-	\$814,585	\$161,609	\$172,922
2025	\$789,441	-	\$789,441	\$67,301	\$379,166	\$6,940	\$318,805	\$695,425	\$15,475	\$172,339	\$538,561	\$3,388	\$860,754	-	\$860,754	\$172,922	\$185,027
2026	\$823,446	-	\$823,446	\$71,371	\$397,073	\$7,248	\$332,950	\$741,749	\$16,506	\$177,216	\$581,039	\$3,481	\$917,470	-	\$917,470	\$185,027	\$197,979
2027	\$866,560	-	\$866,560	\$75,878	\$418,725	\$7,629	\$350,476	\$792,206	\$17,628	\$183,444	\$626,390	\$3,577	\$980,443	-	\$980,443	\$197,979	\$211,838
2028	\$911,638	-	\$911,638	\$80,418	\$441,272	\$8,030	\$368,884	\$847,553	\$18,860	\$189,360	\$677,053	\$3,675	\$1,049,612	-	\$1,049,612	\$211,838	\$226,667
2029	\$945,718	-	\$945,718	\$84,150	\$457,330	\$8,304	\$381,484	\$908,375	\$20,214	\$194,702	\$733,887	\$3,776	\$1,119,147	-	\$1,119,147	\$226,667	\$242,534
2030	\$988,770	-	\$988,770	\$88,892	\$477,110	\$8,639	\$396,857	\$974,999	\$21,696	\$200,192	\$796,503	\$3,880	\$1,197,240	-	\$1,197,240	\$242,534	\$259,511
2031	\$1,037,578	-	\$1,037,578	\$93,988	\$500,219	\$9,040	\$415,271	\$1,048,508	\$23,332	\$205,833	\$866,007	\$3,987	\$1,285,265	-	\$1,285,265	\$259,511	\$277,677
2032	\$1,073,615	-	\$1,073,615	\$98,158	\$517,431	\$9,330	\$428,603	\$1,130,169	\$25,149	\$211,629	\$943,689	\$4,097	\$1,376,389	-	\$1,376,389	\$277,677	\$297,114
2033	\$1,118,758	-	\$1,118,758	\$103,440	\$538,994	\$9,692	\$445,246	\$1,220,860	\$27,167	\$218,936	\$1,029,091	\$4,210	\$1,478,547	-	\$1,478,547	\$297,114	\$317,912
2034	\$1,191,616	-	\$1,191,616	\$110,559	\$575,253	\$10,341	\$475,035	\$1,322,402	\$29,427	\$226,171	\$1,125,658	\$4,326	\$1,605,019	-	\$1,605,019	\$317,912	\$340,166
2035	\$1,239,127	-	\$1,239,127	\$115,704	\$600,107	\$10,779	\$495,182	\$1,437,826	\$31,995	\$237,316	\$1,232,505	\$4,445	\$1,732,132	-	\$1,732,132	\$340,166	\$363,978
2036	\$1,301,679	-	\$1,301,679	\$122,362	\$632,722	\$11,357	\$521,717	\$1,568,975	\$34,913	\$244,565	\$1,359,323	\$4,567	\$1,885,607	-	\$1,885,607	\$363,978	\$389,456
2037	\$1,369,982	-	\$1,369,982	\$129,215	\$667,234	\$11,972	\$549,991	\$1,719,454	\$38,262	\$251,417	\$1,506,299	\$4,693	\$2,060,983	-	\$2,060,983	\$389,456	\$416,718
2038	\$1,409,426	-	\$1,409,426	\$133,264	\$686,693	\$12,315	\$565,744	\$1,894,333	\$42,153	\$258,458	\$1,678,028	\$4,822	\$2,248,594	-	\$2,248,594	\$416,718	\$445,888
2039	\$1,466,679	-	\$1,466,679	\$138,886	\$714,312	\$12,805	\$588,231	\$2,098,442	\$46,695	\$265,692	\$1,879,445	\$4,955	\$2,472,631	-	\$2,472,631	\$445,888	\$477,100
2040	\$1,537,046	-	\$1,537,046	\$145,709	\$748,464	\$13,413	\$616,168	\$2,340,726	\$52,087	\$279,916	\$2,112,897	\$5,091	\$2,734,156	-	\$2,734,156	\$477,100	\$510,497
2041	\$1,611,546	-	\$1,611,546	\$152,890	\$784,697	\$14,059	\$645,866	\$2,633,693	\$58,606	\$287,744	\$2,404,555	\$5,231	\$3,055,652	-	\$3,055,652	\$510,497	\$546,232
2042	\$1,687,113	-	\$1,687,113	\$160,185	\$821,481	\$14,715	\$676,011	\$2,994,215	\$66,629	\$299,869	\$2,760,975	\$5,375	\$3,442,361	-	\$3,442,361	\$546,232	\$584,468
2043	\$1,765,179	-	\$1,765,179	\$167,649	\$859,347	\$15,392	\$707,090	\$3,450,076	\$76,773	\$313,189	\$3,213,660	\$5,355	\$3,926,105	-	\$3,926,105	\$584,468	\$625,381
2044	\$1,820,576	-	\$1,820,576	\$172,968	\$886,537	\$15,879	\$729,448	\$4,044,289	\$89,995	\$324,468	\$3,809,816	\$5,502	\$4,544,766	-	\$4,544,766	\$625,381	\$669,158
2045	\$1,874,484	-	\$1,874,484	\$178,145	\$913,021	\$16,353	\$751,229	\$4,849,772	\$107,919	\$336,671	\$4,621,020	\$5,830	\$5,378,079	-	\$5,378,079	\$669,158	\$715,999
2046	\$1,951,876	-	\$1,951,876	\$185,498	\$950,867	\$17,031	\$782,400	\$6,007,228	\$133,675	\$346,052	\$5,794,851	\$5,990	\$6,583,241	-	\$6,583,241	\$715,999	\$766,119
2047	\$2,011,480	-	\$2,011,480	\$191,181	\$981,027	\$17,576	\$807,422	\$7,820,288	\$174,020	\$367,301	\$7,627,007	\$6,155	\$8,440,584	-	\$8,440,584	\$766,119	\$819,747
2048	\$2,049,777	-	\$2,049,777	\$194,838	\$1,003,731	\$18,000	\$826,893	\$11,073,040	\$246,402	\$377,528	\$10,941,914	\$6,324	\$11,775,131	-	\$11,775,131	\$819,747	\$877,129
2049	\$2,104,503	-	\$2,104,503	\$200,028	\$1,034,691	\$18,573	\$853,236	\$18,630,919	\$414,583	\$502,807	\$18,542,695	\$6,498	\$19,402,429	-	\$19,402,429	\$877,129	\$938,528
2050	\$2,172,761	-	\$2,172,761	\$206,509	\$1,070,199	\$19,219	\$882,909	\$28,487,936	\$633,925	\$527,169	\$28,594,692	\$6,677	\$29,484,278	-	\$29,484,278	\$938,528	\$1,004,225
2051	\$2,247,007	-	\$2,247,007	\$213,563	\$1,108,047	\$19,904	\$914,388	\$29,210,381	\$650,002	\$545,697	\$29,314,686	\$6,861	\$30,235,935	-	\$30,235,935	\$1,004,225	\$1,074,521
2052	\$2,326,389	-	\$2,326,389	\$221,104	\$1,147,949	\$20,625	\$947,470	\$29,905,796	\$665,476	\$655,262	\$29,916,010	\$7,263	\$30,870,743	-	\$30,870,743	\$1,074,521	\$1,149,737
2053	\$2,407,805	-	\$2,407,805	\$228,842	\$1,188,554	\$21,356	\$981,068	\$30,575,881	\$680,387	\$1,363,315	\$29,892,953	\$7,463	\$30,881,484	-	\$30,881,484	\$1,149,737	\$1,230,219
2054	\$2,491,443	-	\$2,491,443	\$236,789	\$1,230,122	\$22,104	\$1,015,437	\$31,122,160	\$692,543	\$1,402,047	\$30,412,656	\$7,668	\$31,274,673	-	\$31,274,673	\$1,230,219	\$1,316,334
2055	\$2,583,622	-	\$2,583,622	\$245,548	\$1,275,655	\$22,922	\$1,053,029	\$30,922,459	\$688,099	\$1,441,843	\$30,168,715	\$7,879	\$30,969,814	-	\$30,969,814	\$1,316,334	\$1,408,477
2056	\$2,678,614	-	\$2,678,614	\$254,577	\$1,322,462	\$23,763	\$1,091,648	\$30,624,985	\$681,480	\$1,709,653	\$29,596,812	\$8,096	\$30,328,077	-	\$30,328,077	\$1,408,477	\$1,507,070
2057	\$2,778,142	-	\$2,778,142	\$264,032	\$1,371,549	\$24,645	\$1,132,162	\$30,219,148	\$672,449	\$1,828,247	\$29,063,350	\$8,319	\$29,480,422	-	\$29,480,422	\$1,507,070	\$1,612,565
2058	\$2,886,506	-	\$2,886,506	\$274,326	\$1,425,014	\$25,606	\$1,176,294	\$29,462,344	\$655,608	\$2,123,897	\$27,994,055	\$8,548	\$28,235,470	-	\$28,235,470	\$1,612,565	\$1,725,445
2059	\$3,000,857	-	\$3,000,857	\$285,193	\$1,481,141	\$26,613	\$1,222,561	\$28,487,985	\$633,926	\$2,184,278	\$26,937,633	\$8,783	\$26,804,952		\$26,804,952	\$1,725,445	\$1,846,226
2060																	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The Final Employer Contrib. compares the Alt. Employer Contrib. corresponding to the following row to the current row's Total Contrib. if Switch, which is the sum of the current row Opt. Employer Contrib. and the Statewide Employer Contrib. corresponding to the following row (since contributions under the Optional policy are assumed to be contributed in the fiscal year following the plan year). After the first occurrence of the Total Contrib. if Switch being smaller than the Alt. Employer Contrib., this column shows the Total Contrib. if Switch in all subsequent years.

### Table 6 – Switch to Conservation Funding Policy in 2043



	Number (BOY)					Assets											
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	Total Payroll	Assets (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	Assets (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio			
2019	13	18	\$617,676	\$2,909,069	\$380,466	\$534	\$115,300	\$50,843	\$136,710	\$162,413	\$2,993,335	\$11,791,410	\$8,798,075	25.4%			
2020	12	20	\$629,587	\$2,993,335	\$430,075	\$2,791	\$123,291	\$51,330	\$145,654	\$132,195	\$3,012,939	\$12,190,871	\$9,177,932	24.7%			
2021	12	20	\$655,879	\$3,012,939	\$444,936	\$2,868	\$131,921	\$53,976	\$149,916	\$133,090	\$3,034,038	\$12,607,939	\$9,573,901	24.1%			
2022	12	20	\$692,230	\$3,034,038	\$462,245	\$2,947	\$141,155	\$57,694	\$151,258	\$133,971	\$3,052,924	\$13,045,845	\$9,992,921	23.4%			
2023	12	20	\$732,217	\$3,052,924	\$472,497	\$3,028	\$151,036	\$61,461	\$157,992	\$135,044	\$3,082,932	\$13,514,584	\$10,431,652	22.8%			
2024	12	20	\$773,121	\$3,082,932	\$481,180	\$3,111	\$161,609	\$65,234	\$162,477	\$136,619	\$3,124,580	\$14,017,491	\$10,892,911	22.3%			
2025	12	20	\$789,441	\$3,124,580	\$509,037	\$3,197	\$172,922	\$67,301	\$167,087	\$138,271	\$3,157,927	\$14,524,142	\$11,366,215	21.7%			
2026	12	21	\$823,446	\$3,157,927	\$540,690	\$3,388	\$185,027	\$71,371	\$172,339	\$139,540	\$3,182,126	\$15,039,948	\$11,857,822	21.2%			
2027	12	21	\$866,560	\$3,182,126	\$559,581	\$3,481	\$197,979	\$75,878	\$177,216	\$140,704	\$3,210,841	\$15,582,280	\$12,371,439	20.6%			
2028	12	21	\$911,638	\$3,210,841	\$604,054	\$3,577	\$211,838	\$80,418	\$183,444	\$141,552	\$3,220,462	\$16,127,116	\$12,906,654	20.0%			
2029	12	21	\$945,718	\$3,220,462	\$649,886	\$3,675	\$226,667	\$84,150	\$189,360	\$141,508	\$3,208,586	\$16,666,399	\$13,457,813	19.3%			
2030	12	21	\$988,770	\$3,208,586	\$671,394	\$3,776	\$242,534	\$88,892	\$194,702	\$141,070	\$3,200,614	\$17,228,633	\$14,028,019	18.6%			
2031	12	21	\$1,037,578	\$3,200,614	\$687,524	\$3,880	\$259,511	\$93,988	\$200,192	\$140,963	\$3,203,864	\$17,823,827	\$14,619,963	18.0%			
2032	12	21	\$1,073,615	\$3,203,864	\$746,070	\$3,987	\$277,677	\$98,158	\$205,833	\$140,427	\$3,175,902	\$18,403,943	\$15,228,041	17.3%			
2033	12	21	\$1,118,758	\$3,175,902	\$775,273	\$4,097	\$297,114	\$103,440	\$211,629	\$139,195	\$3,147,910	\$19,002,844	\$15,854,934	16.6%			
2034	12	21	\$1,191,616	\$3,147,910	\$781,394	\$4,210	\$317,912	\$110,559	\$218,936	\$138,581	\$3,148,294	\$19,660,329	\$16,512,035	16.0%			
2035	12	21	\$1,239,127	\$3,148,294	\$807,111	\$4,326	\$340,166	\$115,704	\$226,171	\$138,794	\$3,157,692	\$20,347,084	\$17,189,392	15.5%			
2036	12	21	\$1,301,679	\$3,157,692	\$829,671	\$4,445	\$363,978	\$122,362	\$237,316	\$139,638	\$3,186,870	\$21,075,764	\$17,888,894	15.1%			
2037	12	21	\$1,369,982	\$3,186,870	\$842,232	\$4,567	\$389,456	\$129,215	\$244,565	\$141,550	\$3,244,857	\$21,860,459	\$18,615,602	14.8%			
2038	12	21	\$1,409,426	\$3,244,857	\$872,186	\$4,693	\$416,718	\$133,264	\$251,417	\$144,339	\$3,313,716	\$22,670,180	\$19,356,464	14.6%			
2039	12	21	\$1,466,679	\$3,313,716	\$907,489	\$4,822	\$445,888	\$138,886	\$258,458	\$147,580	\$3,392,217	\$23,509,111	\$20,116,894	14.4%			
2040	12	21	\$1,537,046	\$3,392,217	\$929,567	\$4,955	\$477,100	\$145,709	\$265,692	\$151,626	\$3,497,822	\$24,398,914	\$20,901,092	14.3%			
2041	12	21	\$1,611,546	\$3,497,822	\$946,309	\$5,091	\$510,497	\$152,890	\$279,916	\$157,222	\$3,646,947	\$25,349,507	\$21,702,560	14.4%			
2042	12	21	\$1,687,113	\$3,646,947	\$961,470	\$5,231	\$546,232	\$160,185	\$287,744	\$164,724	\$3,839,131	\$26,365,817	\$22,526,686	14.6%			
2043	11	21	\$1,674,253	\$3,839,131	\$976,909	\$5,212	\$548,145	\$159,221	\$299,869	\$173,320	\$4,037,565	\$27,406,017	\$23,368,452	14.7%			
2044	10	21	\$1,639,508	\$4,037,565	\$1,014,147	\$5,188	\$574,542	\$156,197	\$313,189	\$182,238	\$4,244,396	\$28,437,888	\$24,193,492	14.9%			
2045	10	21	\$1,637,739	\$4,244,396	\$1,035,391	\$5,331	\$584,923	\$155,897	\$324,468	\$191,544	\$4,460,506	\$29,495,242	\$25,034,736	15.1%			
2046	9	21	\$1,648,806	\$4,460,506	\$1,052,829	\$5,301	\$589,420	\$156,771	\$336,671	\$201,273	\$4,686,511	\$30,589,783	\$25,903,272	15.3%			
2047	9	21	\$1,600,287	\$4,686,511	\$1,112,007	\$5,447	\$642,395	\$153,011	\$346,052	\$211,427	\$4,921,942	\$31,649,672	\$26,727,730	15.6%			
2048	8	22	\$1,518,285	\$4,921,942	\$1,178,957	\$5,597	\$693,476	\$146,551	\$367,301	\$221,994	\$5,166,710	\$32,647,010	\$27,480,300	15.8%			
2049	7	22	\$1,485,410	\$5,166,710	\$1,217,274	\$5,559	\$723,394	\$144,192	\$377,528	\$232,998	\$5,421,989	\$33,632,574	\$28,210,585	16.1%			
2050	7	22	\$1,469,091	\$5,421,989	\$1,311,479	\$5,712	\$693,233	\$143,187	\$502,807	\$244,480	\$5,688,505	\$34,557,482	\$28,868,977	16.5%			
2051	6	22	\$1,429,356	\$5,688,505	\$1,408,640	\$5,667	\$768,246	\$140,332	\$527,169	\$256,460	\$5,966,405	\$35,400,478	\$29,434,073	16.9%			
2052	6	22	\$1,371,873	\$5,966,405	\$1,452,234	\$5,823	\$796,934	\$136,004	\$545,697	\$268,946	\$6,255,929	\$36,200,955	\$29,945,026	17.3%			
2053	5	22	\$1,336,978	\$6,255,929	\$1,483,850	\$5,769	\$720,839	\$133,573	\$655,262	\$281,963	\$6,557,947	\$36,982,819	\$30,424,872	17.7%			
2054	5	22	\$1,274,699	\$6,557,947	\$1,607,967	\$5,928	\$140,693	\$129,007	\$1,363,315	\$295,533	\$6,872,600	\$37,637,295	\$30,764,695	18.3%			
2055	4	22	\$1,186,046	\$6,872,600	\$1,666,895	\$5,865	\$166,210	\$122,294	\$1,402,047	\$309,663	\$7,200,054	\$38,210,651	\$31,010,597	18.8%			
2056	4	22	\$1,186,839	\$7,200,054	\$1,674,445	\$6,026	\$133,435	\$122,996	\$1,441,843	\$324,399	\$7,542,256	\$38,802,615	\$31,260,359	19.4%			
2057	4	22	\$1,147,863	\$7,542,256	\$1,724,579	\$6,192	-	\$120,652	\$1,709,653	\$341,616	\$7,983,406	\$39,352,554	\$31,369,148	20.3%			
2058	3	22	\$1,101,705	\$7,983,406	\$1,767,119	\$6,118	-	\$117,768	\$1,828,247	\$363,098	\$8,519,282	\$39,863,412	\$31,344,130	21.4%			
2059	3	22	\$1,094,641	\$8,519,282	\$1,786,665	\$6,286	-	\$118,124	\$2,123,897	\$393,361	\$9,361,713	\$40,375,179	\$31,013,466	23.2%			
2060	3	21	\$1,014,247	\$9,361,713	\$1,843,645	\$6,201	-	\$110,169	\$2,184,278	\$431,171	\$10,237,485	\$40,808,119	\$30,570,634	25.1%			

### Table 6 – Switch to Conservation Funding Policy in 2043 (Cont.)



	Benefit Payment Account <sup>8</sup>				Accumulation Account							Contribution Comparison						
Year End June 30	Assets (BOY)	Net Benefit Pmts and Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	100.00% of Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	Transfer (To)/From Acc. Account	Assets (BOY)	Net Benefit Pmts and Expenses	Employer Contrib.	1.50% of Pay Employee Contrib.	0.00% of Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	Cons. Employer Contrib.	Statewide Employer Contrib.	Total Contrib. if Switch	Alt. Employer Contrib.	Final Employer Contrib. <sup>9</sup>
2019																		
2020 2021	\$3,012,939	\$447,804	\$131,921	\$53,976	\$149,916	\$133,090			-					\$253,750		\$253,750	\$131,921	\$131,921
2022	\$3,034,038	\$465,192	\$141,155	\$57,694	\$151,258	\$133,971		-	-		-			\$266,623		\$266,623	\$141,155	\$141,155
2023	\$3,052,924	\$475,525	\$151,036	\$61,461	\$157,992	\$135,044	-	-	-	-	-		-	\$280,821		\$280,821	\$151,036	\$151,036
2024	\$3,082,932	\$484,291	\$161,609	\$65,234	\$162,477	\$136,619		-	-	-	-		-	\$284,701		\$284,701	\$161,609	\$161,609
2025	\$3,124,580	\$512,234	\$172,922	\$67,301	\$167,087	\$138,271		-	-	-	-		-	\$311,167		\$311,167	\$172,922	\$172,922
2026	\$3,157,927	\$544,078	\$185,027	\$71,371	\$172,339	\$139,540		-	-		-		-	\$326,090		\$326,090	\$185,027	\$185,027
2027	\$3,182,126	\$563,062	\$197,979	\$75,878	\$177,216	\$140,704		-	-	-	-		-	\$330,055		\$330,055	\$197,979	\$197,979
2028	\$3,210,841	\$607,631	\$211,838	\$80,418	\$183,444	\$141,552		-	-		-		-	\$372,120		\$372,120	\$211,838	\$211,838
2029	\$3,220,462	\$653,561	\$226,667	\$84,150	\$189,360	\$141,508	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$398,024	-	\$398,024	\$226,667	\$226,667
2030	\$3,208,586	\$675,170	\$242,534	\$88,892	\$194,702	\$141,070		-	-		-		-	\$406,408		\$406,408	\$242,534	\$242,534
2031	\$3,200,614	\$691,404	\$259,511	\$93,988	\$200,192	\$140,963	-	-	-	-	-		-	\$412,788	-	\$412,788	\$259,511	\$259,511
2032	\$3,203,864	\$750,057	\$277,677	\$98,158	\$205,833	\$140,427		-	-	-	-		-	\$462,170	-	\$462,170	\$277,677	\$277,677
2033	\$3,175,902	\$779,370	\$297,114	\$103,440	\$211,629	\$139,195	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$481,082	-	\$481,082	\$297,114	\$297,114
2034	\$3,147,910	\$785,604	\$317,912	\$110,559	\$218,936	\$138,581		-	-	-	-		-	\$473,983	-	\$473,983	\$317,912	\$317,912
2035	\$3,148,294	\$811,437	\$340,166	\$115,704	\$226,171	\$138,794	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$488,149	-	\$488,149	\$340,166	\$340,166
2036	\$3,157,692	\$834,116	\$363,978	\$122,362	\$237,316	\$139,638		-	-	-	-		-	\$493,963	-	\$493,963	\$363,978	\$363,978
2037	\$3,186,870	\$846,799	\$389,456	\$129,215	\$244,565	\$141,550	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$493,569	-	\$493,569	\$389,456	\$389,456
2038	\$3,244,857	\$876,879	\$416,718	\$133,264	\$251,417	\$144,339	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$513,339		\$513,339	\$416,718	\$416,718
2039	\$3,313,716	\$912,311	\$445,888	\$138,886	\$258,458	\$147,580	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$536,967	-	\$536,967	\$445,888	\$445,888
2040	\$3,392,217	\$934,522	\$477,100	\$145,709	\$265,692	\$151,626	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$546,177	-	\$546,177	\$477,100	\$477,100
2041	\$3,497,822	\$951,400	\$510,497	\$152,890	\$279,916	\$157,222		-	-	-			-	\$542,767	-	\$542,767	\$510,497	\$510,497
2042	\$3,646,947	\$966,701	\$546,232	\$160,185	\$287,744	\$164,724	(3,839,131)	-	-	-	-		-	\$544,079	-	\$544,079	\$546,232	\$546,232
2043	-	\$982,121	\$548,145	\$134,107	\$299,869	-	-	\$3,839,131	-	-	\$25,114	-	\$173,320	\$548,145	\$7,729	\$555,874	\$584,468	\$555,874
2044		\$1,019,335	\$574,542	\$131,604	\$313,189	-		\$4,037,565	-	-	\$24,593		\$182,238	\$574,542	\$15,391	\$589,933	\$625,381	\$589,933
2045	-	\$1,040,722	\$584,923	\$131,331	\$324,468	-		\$4,244,396	-	-	\$24,566		\$191,544	\$584,923	\$20,123	\$605,046	\$669,158	\$605,046
2046	-	\$1,058,130	\$589,420	\$132,039	\$336,671	-	-	\$4,460,506	-	-	\$24,732	-	\$201,273	\$589,420	\$25,761	\$615,181	\$715,999	\$615,181
2047		\$1,117,454	\$642,395	\$129,007	\$346,052	-	-	\$4,686,511	-	-	\$24,004	-	\$211,427	\$642,395	\$34,951	\$677,346	\$766,119	\$677,346
2048		\$1,184,554	\$693,476	\$123,777	\$367,301	-		\$4,921,942	-	-	\$22,774	-	\$221,994	\$693,476	\$45,177	\$738,653	\$819,747	\$738,653
2049	-	\$1,222,833	\$723,394	\$121,911	\$377,528	-	-	\$5,166,710	-	-	\$22,281	-	\$232,998	\$723,394	\$52,623	\$776,017	\$877,129	\$776,017
2050	-	\$1,317,191	\$693,233	\$121,151	\$502,807	-	-	\$5,421,989	-	-	\$22,036	-	\$244,480	\$693,233	\$59,812	\$753,045	\$938,528	\$753,045
2051	-	\$1,414,307	\$768,246	\$118,892	\$527,169	-	-	\$5,688,505	-	-	\$21,440	-	\$256,460	\$768,246	\$69,500	\$837,746	\$1,004,225	\$837,746
2052	-	\$1,458,057	\$796,934	\$115,426	\$545,697	-	-	\$5,966,405	-	-	\$20,578	-	\$268,946	\$796,934	\$81,134	\$878,068	\$1,074,521	\$878,068
2053	-	\$1,489,619	\$720,839	\$113,518	\$655,262	-	-	\$6,255,929	-	-	\$20,055	-	\$281,963	\$720,839	\$91,020	\$811,859	\$1,149,737	\$811,859
2054	-	\$1,613,895	\$140,693	\$109,887	\$1,363,315	-	-	\$6,557,947	-	-	\$19,120	-	\$295,533	\$140,693	\$103,423	\$244,116	\$1,230,219	\$244,116
2055	-	\$1,672,760	\$166,210	\$104,503	\$1,402,047	-	•	\$6,872,600	-	-	\$17,791		\$309,663	\$166,210	\$118,794	\$285,004	\$1,316,334	\$285,004
2056	-	\$1,680,471	\$133,435	\$105,193	\$1,441,843	-	-	\$7,200,054	-	-	\$17,803	-	\$324,399	\$133,435	\$126,801	\$260,236	\$1,408,477	\$260,236
2057	-	\$1,730,771	-	\$103,434	\$1,627,337	-	-	\$7,542,256	-	-	\$17,218	\$82,316	\$341,616	-	\$138,574	\$138,574	\$1,507,070	\$138,574
2058	-	\$1,773,237	-	\$101,242	\$1,671,995	-	-	\$7,983,406	-	-	\$16,526	\$156,252	\$363,098	-	\$151,708	\$151,708	\$1,612,565	\$151,708
2059	-	\$1,792,951	-	\$101,704	\$1,691,247	-	-	\$8,519,282	-	-	\$16,420	\$432,650	\$393,361	-	\$162,028	\$162,028	\$1,725,445	\$162,028
2060	-	\$1,849,846	-	\$94,955	\$1,754,891	-	-	\$9,361,713	-	-	\$15,214	\$429,387	\$431,171	-	\$179,005	\$179,005	\$1,846,226	\$179,005

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Employer contributions paid from the City's General Fund are used to finance benefits not covered by the applicable employee contributions or premium tax allocation.

<sup>9</sup> After the first occurrence of the *Total Contrib.*, this column shows the *Total Contrib.* if *Switch*, which is the sum of the *Cons. Employer Contrib.*, and the *Statewide Employer Contrib.*, being smaller than the *Alt. Employer Contrib.*, this column shows the *Total Contrib. if Switch* in all subsequent years.



## Section VII. Participant Information

Participant Summary
The following table summarizes the counts, ages, and benefit information for plan participants used in the prior and current valuations.

	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2019
1. Actives		
a. Number	13	12
b. Average Age	37.6	35.1
c. Average Service	11.0	9.7
d. Average Salary	\$ 50,393	\$ 54,114
2. Retirees		
a. Number	10	11
b. Average Age	71.7	70.7
c. Total Annual Benefits	\$ 270,513	\$ 306,026
3. Survivors		
a. Number	3	3
b. Average Age	76.4	77.4
c. Total Annual Benefits	\$ 40,136	\$ 41,099
4. Disableds		
a. Number	2	3
b. Average Age	50.6	51.5
c. Total Annual Benefits	\$ 46,426	\$ 75,351
<ol><li>Deferred Vesteds</li></ol>		
a. Number	3	3
b. Average Age	44.3	45.3
c. Total Annual Benefits	\$ 86,958	\$ 86,958
<ol><li>Members Owed Refunds</li></ol>		
a. Number	0	0
b. Average Age	N/A	N/A
c. Total Refunds Owed	\$ N/A	\$ N/A



### Active Age/Service Distribution Including Compensation

Shown below is the age and service distribution of active participants in the City of Princeton Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund. The compensation shown is the average projected pay for the plan year beginning July 1, 2019.

Credited Service as of July 1, 2019

	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 & Up	Total
Under 25	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
	49,998	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,998
25 - 29	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	49,480	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,480
30 - 34	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	3
	50,654	53,951	55,904	-	-	-	-	53,503
35 - 39	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
	-	-	48,712	-	-	-	-	48,712
40 - 44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	-	-	1	1	2	-	-	4
	-	-	55,547	51,557	66,782	-	-	60,167
50 - 54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 & Up	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
·	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Totals	5	1	3	1	2	-	-	12
	50,026	53,951	53,388	51,557	66,782	-	-	54,114

#### **Averages**

Age	35.1
Service	9.7



Participant Reconciliation
Shown below is the reconciliation of participants between the prior and current valuation date.

	Actives	Retirees	Survivors	Disableds	Deferred Vesteds	Due Refund	Total
Participants as of 7/1/2018	13	10	3	2	3	0	31
New	1						1
Rehired							
Terminated - Vested							
Terminated - Nonvested							
Disabled	(1)			1			
Retired	(1)	1					
Paid Refund							
Payments Expired							
Deceased - No Survivor							
Deceased - With Survivor							
New Beneficiary							
New QDRO							
Corrections							
Participants as of 7/1/2019	12	11	3	3	3	0	32



### Section VIII. Summary of Plan Provisions

#### Plan Year

July 1 – June 30.

#### Eligibility to Participate

All compensated employees of the relevant Fire or Police Department are eligible to participate in the Firemen's or Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund (Plan). If the fund uses the Optional or Conservation funding policies, only members hired prior to the date of the change to either one of these policies are eligible to participate in the Plan.

#### Credited Service

The number of years that the member has contributed to the employees' retirement and benefit fund.

Absence from service because of sickness or injury for a period of two years or less shall not be construed as time out of service.

Military Service — Any current member who has been on qualified military service in the armed forces of the United States with an honorable discharge may, within six months from his or her date of discharge, be given credit for continuous service in the paid police or fire department.

A member may receive retirement eligibility service (i.e. eligibility towards the 20 years of service for normal retirement) for qualified military service only if the military service was prior to November 18, 2009 or the member repays, without interest, member assessments that were missed during the period of military service.

Any member who has served in active duty with the armed forces of the United States, whether prior to or subsequent to becoming a member of a paid police or fire department, shall receive an additional 1% of Average Annual Compensation for each full continuous year so served in active military duty, up to a maximum of an additional 4%.

#### Average Annual Compensation

The average of the three twelve-consecutive-month periods of employment in which the member received the highest salary or compensation. While the months in each twelve-month period need to be consecutive, the three "twelve-consecutive-month periods" do not need to be consecutive.

Each twelve-consecutive-month annual compensation is limited to 120% of the *Average Adjusted Salary*, which is the average of the Adjusted Salary for the two consecutive twelve-consecutive-month periods immediately preceding the twelve-consecutive-month period used in determining benefits.

The *Adjusted Salary* for any preceding year is the respective preceding year total salary multiplied by the ratio of base salary of the year used in determining benefits to the base salary from the respective preceding year. A preceding year is either the "year one" which is the second twelve consecutive month period preceding the twelve-consecutive-month period used to determine benefits or "year two" which is the twelve-consecutive-month period



immediate preceding the twelve-consecutive-month period used to determine benefits.

## **Employee Contributions**

Participating employees hired before January 1, 2010: 7.00% of compensation. Participating employees hired on or after January 1, 2010: 9.50% of compensation.

# **Employer Contributions**

The municipality has elected to contribute the minimum employer contribution under the Alternative funding policy.

## Normal Retirement Eligibility

Members are eligible at the earlier of age 50 with 20 years of credited service or age 65.

### Normal Retirement Benefit

The annual retirement benefit equals the sum of:

- 60% of average annual compensation, for service up to 20 years; not less than \$6,000
- 2% for each year of service between 20 and 25 years
- 1% for each year of service between 25 and 30 years
- Employees serving in the military are eligible for an additional 1% of average annual compensation for each year of military service up to four years.

The maximum benefit is limited to 75% of average annual compensation.

### Normal Form

Life annuity with a 60% spouse's survivor benefit. The benefit payable to the spouse as of the member's date of death is determined by taking 60% of the member's benefit at the member's retirement date and indexing that amount to the date of death using the COLA methodology described in the Cost of Living Adjustment section below. No other optional forms are allowed under the Plan.

## Disability Retirement Eligibility

Members are eligible after earning five years of service. There is no years of service requirement if disability is service related. Disability is defined in WV Code §8-22-23a as the inability to perform adequately the job duties required of the member.

### Disability Retirement Benefit

The monthly disability benefit equals the sum of:

- 60% of monthly salary at disability, but not less than \$500, plus
- Employees serving in the military are eligible for an additional benefit of 1% of monthly salary at disability for each year of military service up to four years.

Disability benefits, when aggregated with monthly state workers compensation benefits, shall not exceed 100% of the member's monthly compensation at the time of disability. Benefits continue for life or until recovery.

Disability pensions are offset by \$1 per every \$3 of other income. There is no offset if total other income is \$18,200 (as of 2019, indexed by state minimum wage for years after 2019) or less.



### **Termination Benefits**

Any member who terminates employment prior to retirement and has at least 20 years of credited service will be entitled to a pension benefit equal to the normal retirement benefit commencing at age 50.

Any member who terminates employment prior to retirement with fewer than 20 years of credited service will be entitled to a refund of employee contributions without interest.

**Refunds:** Any member who terminates from their department without receiving a retirement pension shall be refunded all deductions made from his salary, without interest. Any member who receives such a refund and subsequently wishes to reenter (available only if the municipal plan is still open as of such date) the department must repay to the pension fund all sums refunded with interest at the rate of 8% per annum.

# Death Benefit Eligibilty

Members are eligible after earning five years of service. There is no years of service requirement if death is service related. Retirees and terminated vested participants are also eligible.

### **Death Benefit**

The benefit is equal to 60% of the participant's benefit, but not less than \$300 per month, payable to the spouse until death or remarriage.

Other dependents (children, parents, brothers and sisters) are also eligible for death benefits. To each dependent:

- child: 20% of the participant's benefit until the child attains 18 or marries;
- orphaned child: 25% of the participant's benefit until the child attains 18 or marries;
- parent: 10% of the participant's benefit for life,
- brother or sister: the sum of fifty dollars per month (but a total not to exceed \$100 per month) until such individual attains the age of 18 or marries.

The total of all benefits cannot be more than 100% of the participant's salary. In no case shall the payments to the surviving spouse and children be reduced below 65 percent of the total amount paid to all dependents.

## Supplemental Benefit (Cost of Living Adjustment – COLA)

All retirees, surviving beneficiaries and disability pensioners are eligible for automatic cost-ofliving benefits commencing on the first day of July following two years of retirement. The benefits equal the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, limited to 4% (2% for some disability retirees), multiplied by the sum of the allowable amount, which is the first \$15,000 of the total annual benefits paid and the accumulated supplemental pension amounts for prior years.

Changes in Plan Provisions Since Prior Valuation None.



# Section IX. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

## **Actuarial Cost Method**

The actuarial valuation uses the Entry Age Normal cost method calculated on an individual basis with level percentage of pay normal cost. Past service liability is allocated from the imputed date of hire, taking into account transferred and purchased service.

# West Virginia Funding Policies

Under West Virginia Code §8-22-20(c)(1), there are four funding policies available for plan sponsors. Those funding policies are summarized below:

- Standard Funding Policy: Employer contributions equal the net employer normal cost, plus an amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability, less the State premium tax allocation applicable to the plan year. The amortization is based on a 40-year closed period from July 1, 1991, using a level dollar amortization (12 years remaining as of July 1, 2019). The Standard funding policy is consistent with generally accepted actuarial standards of practice.
- Alternative Funding Policy: Employer contributions equal 107% of the prior year's
  employer contribution. The Alternative funding policy is not consistent with generally
  accepted actuarial standards of practice because the policy does not reflect emerging
  experience gains and losses and may not produce an actuarially sound pattern of
  contributions or funded ratio. The State premium tax allocation is contributed in addition
  to the employer contributions.
- Optional Funding Policy: Allows plan sponsors using either the Standard funding policy or Alternative funding policy to close the current local Plan to new hires and contribute to the Plan on an actuarially determined basis. The actuarially determined employer contribution is equal to the net employer normal cost, plus a level dollar amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability, less the State premium tax allocation applicable to the plan year. The closed amortization period as of July 1, 2019, is 12 years for sponsors who previously used the Standard funding policy and 30.5 years for sponsors who previously used the Alternative funding policy. Members hired after the adoption date of the Optional funding policy are covered in the statewide pension plan The Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS).
- Conservation Funding Policy: Allows plan sponsors using the Alternative funding policy to close the current local Plan to new hires and contribute to the plan on a pay-asyou-go basis. Sponsors using the Conservation funding policy are required to assign a portion of the State premium tax allocation and member contributions to an accumulation account that is projected to grow to 100% of the remaining actuarial liabilities at the end of a 35-year projection period. Members hired after the adoption date of the Conservation funding policy are covered in the statewide pension plan MPFRS. This policy is not consistent with generally accepted actuarial principles.

This Plan is valued using the Alternative funding policy.



## **Amortization Method**

Amortization Policies		
Alternative Plans and former Alternative Plans that selected the Conservation Policy	For GASB 67/68 Accounting: 40-Year Closed Level-Dollar Amortization (from January 1, 2010 – 30.5 years remaining as of July 1, 2019).	
Standard Plans and former Standard Plans that selected the Optional Policy	For funding and GASB 67/68 Accounting: 40-Year Closed Level-Dollar Amortization (from July 1, 1991 – 12 years remaining as of July 1, 2019).	
Former Alternative Plans that selected the Optional Policy	For funding and GASB 67/68 Accounting: 40-Year Closed Level-Dollar Amortization (from January 1, 2010 – 30.5 years remaining as of July 1, 2019).	

## **Asset Method**

Market value.

# **Projection Methods**

The projections of future assets, liabilities, funded status and contributions are based on the following assumptions:

- Compensation will increase and members will leave the active workforce according to the actuarial valuation assumptions.
- For the open group projections, each active member leaving the workforce will be replaced with a new entrant so that the total number of active members remains the same throughout the projection period. The assumption made regarding the demographic makeup of new entrants is described in the *Open Group Projection New Hire Profile* section below.
- For closed group projections, new hires that replace active members who retire, terminate, die or become disabled are not assumed to enter the Plan.
- The sponsor contributes the amount determined by the applicable funding policy each year.
- For plans that are less than 100% funded as of the valuation date, the contribution during the projection period is capped at the amount needed to achieve and maintain a funded status of 100%.
- Assets grow at the assumed rate of return (discount rate).
- Non-vested members receive a refund of their accumulated employee contribution account balance during the year in which they terminate.
- For projections that illustrate a change from the Alternative funding policy to either the
  Optional funding policy or Conservation funding policy, new hires that replace active
  members who, after the change in funding policy, retire, terminate, die or become disabled
  are assumed to enter the statewide pension plan The Municipal Police Officers and
  Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS). For the MPFRS, employer contributions are
  currently equal to 8.5% of pay but can range from 8.5% 10.5% of pay. For these
  projections, MPFRS employer contributions are assumed to be 8.5% of pay throughout the
  projection period.

# Basis for Selection of Actuarial Assumptions

Unless otherwise noted, the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were set by the MPOB on the basis of an actuarial experience study prepared in 2016 covering the period July 1, 2009



through July 1, 2014. Bolton is not responsible for the selection of these assumptions, nor did we advise on the selection of these assumptions. These assumptions are, in the opinion of the actuaries signing this report, reasonable for the intended purpose.

# **Discount Rate**

The following table outlines the factors used to determine the discount rate:

Funded Ratio as of Valuation Date <sup>10</sup>	Liquidity Ratio <sup>11</sup>	Equity Exposure <sup>12</sup>	Projected Funded Ratio after 15 Years <sup>10</sup>	Discount Rate
60% or more	10	50% or more	70% or more	6.5%
40% or more	8	40% or more	60% or more	6.0%
30% or more	6	30% or more	50% or more	5.5%
15% or more	4	N/A	40% or more	5.0%
Less than 15%	N/A	N/A	15% or more	4.5%
Less than 15%	N/A	N/A	Less than 15%	4.0%

As of June 30, 2019		
Assets	\$ 2,993,335	
Liabilities Using a 5.5% Discount Rate	\$ 10,119,876	
Funded Ratio	29.58%	
Expected Benefit Payments	\$ 430,075	
Liquidity Ratio	7.0	
Equity Exposure	50%	
Projected Funded Ratio after 15 Years	22%	
Discount Rate	4.50%	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Funded ratios based on a 6.0% investment return assumption for plans using an actuarially sound policy (Standard or Optional) and a 5.5% investment return assumption for other plans (Alternative or Conservation).

<sup>11</sup> Liquidity ratio equals assets as of the actuarial valuation date divided by expected benefit payments for the year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Based on target allocation percentage outlined in the investment policy.



## Premium Tax Allocation

The premium tax allocation is projected using the following methodology:

- (1) The Base Allocation is a fixed amount equal to \$8,709,689 in all future years. This amount is allocated to each individual Pension and Relief Fund in proportion to the number of eligible members, which includes active members covered in either the Pension and Relief Fund or the statewide plan, Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System ("MPFRS"). We assume that the percentage of eligible members of the Pension and Relief Fund and MPFRS for a single municipal plan (e.g. Princeton Fire) to the total eligible members for all municipalities remains constant throughout the projection period.
- (2) The Excess Allocation is equal to the excess of the current year premium tax assigned to all Pension and Relief Funds over the total Base Allocation. This amount is allocated to each individual Pension and Relief Fund in proportion to the number of eligible active and retired members covered in either the Pension and Relief Fund or the MPFRS.
- (3) We have assumed all Pension and Relief Funds will make the minimum statutory contribution requirement and will receive 100% of the total allocation assigned to the individual plan until they are 100% funded. Once a plan attains a funded ratio of at least 100%, the premium tax that would have been allocated to the plan had the funded ratio been lower than 100% is reallocated in subsequent years to all remaining plans that are less than 100% funded.
- (4) The total available premium tax allocation, net of expenses, as of September 1, 2020, includes a Base Allocation of \$8,709,689, an Excess Allocation of \$11,258,890, and an Expired Premium Tax Allocation of \$366,419.
- (5) For the plan year ending June 30, 2020, all Pension and Relief Funds reported a total of 1,710.82 eligible active members and 2,174.68 eligible retired members. The City of Princeton Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund reported 12.00 eligible active members and 17.67 eligible retired members, based on the average number of plan participants for the 12-month period ending June 30, 2020. The Fund is eligible to receive a premium tax allocation of \$149,916 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.
- (6) The total premium tax allocation is assumed to increase by 2.75% in calendar years ending on and after 2021.



# Administrative Expenses

Total administrative expenses for the fiscal year are equal to the expense assumption used for the prior valuation, increased by 2.75% for inflation. We defined our expense assumption based on discussions with the MPOB and currently available information. Future expenses are assumed to increase by the general inflation assumption and are adjusted for headcount.

# Salary Increases

General Inflation: 2.75% plus

Wage Inflation Increment: 1.00% plus

Service-based Increase:

Years of Service	Increase
1	20.00%
2	6.50%
3	3.50%
4	2.75%
5-9	2.50%
10-29	2.00%
30-34	1.25%
>34	0.00%

# Cost of Living Increase in Benefits

2.75% on first \$15,000 of annual benefit and on the accumulated supplemental pension amounts for prior years. Assumed to be payable to all members receiving payments.

## Inflation

2.75%, compounded annually.

# Mortality

Pre-Retirement

RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Employee<sup>13</sup> projected generationally using scale MP-2014 twodimensional mortality improvement scales.

#### Post Retirement

RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant projected generationally using scale MP-2014 twodimensional mortality improvement scales.

For Disabled Participants: RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant set forward four years, projected generationally using scale MP-2014 two-dimensional mortality improvement scales.

Projections with MP-2014 to the valuation date represent current mortality and projections using scale MP-2014 beyond the valuation date represent future mortality improvement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Assumes 10% of deaths are duty-related and 90% are non-duty related.



# **Termination of Employment**

Sample termination rates are as follows:

Age	Rates
25	9%
35	4%
45	2%
50	0%

This assumption is based on an experience study conducted by GRS in 2015.

# **Retirement Rates**

Members need a minimum of 20 years of service in order to be eligible for normal retirement. The sample retirement rates below are for years of service greater than or equal to 20 years of service:

Age	Rates
50	45%
51-55	30%
56-59	35%
60	100.0%

Terminated-vested members (members who terminate employment after attaining 20 years of service but prior to commencing pension benefits) are assumed to retire at age 50.

# **Disability Rates**

Sample disability rates are as follows:

Age	Rates <sup>14</sup>
30	0.22%
40	0.50%
50	0.79%

## **Marital Status**

90% assumed to be married with wives 3 years younger than husbands. Widows are not expected to re-marry in the future.

# **Non-Vested Terminations**

We value non-vested terminations based on the amount of their employee contribution account balance, which is assumed to be paid on the valuation date for current non-vested terminated members and on the termination date for future non-vested terminations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Assumes that 60% of disabilities are duty related and 40% are non-duty related. Also assumes that 10% of non-duty disabled members receive a 20% reduction in benefits due to gainful employment.



# Form of Payment

Benefits are assumed to be paid as a life annuity with a 60% spousal death benefit taking into account the re-indexing of the spouse's supplemental benefit as provided in WV Code §8-22-26a.

## Child Beneficiaries

Future survivor widow benefits are loaded by 12% to estimate the impact of benefits provided to survivor children. The load assumes 90% of members are married with two children at time of death, and benefits for each child are paid for approximately 8 years.

# Open Group Projection New Hire Profile

The active population is projected to be stable under the open group projections meaning that the active population remains constant over the projection period resulting in any terminations being replaced by new hires. The profile for new hires contains five separate records, with each record containing the average date of birth, compensation, and percentage male of all actives who have two years of service or less within the 53 plans covered by the MPOB. The five records were created using compensation for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date. Each of the five records corresponds to a different compensation band. The lowest band represents salaries under \$35,000, the highest band represents salaries above \$50,000, and the middle bands represent the \$5,000 increments between \$35,000 and \$50,000. The beginning salary for new entrants hired after the current plan year is equal to the new entrant profile salary increased by the general wage inflation assumption of 3.75% for each year between the new entrant's assumed date of hire and the valuation date.

Changes in Methods/Assumptions Since Prior Valuation None.



# Section X. Glossary

# Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs or the portion of the present value of future benefits allocated to service before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method. Represents the present value of benefits expected to be paid from the plan in the future allocated to service prior to the date of the measurement.

### Actuarial Asset Valuation Method

The method of determining the value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value that recognizes investment gains and losses over a given period of time (rather than immediately) in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially determined contribution (ADC).

### **Actuarial Cost Method**

A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability. Also known as the "funding method". Examples of actuarial cost methods include Aggregate, Entry Age Normal, Projected Unit Credit, and Pay-As-You-Go.

### Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits

The actuarial present value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, nonretired members entitled to either a refund of member contributions or a future retirement benefit. It is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.

## Aggregate Cost Method

An actuarial cost method that spreads the cost of all future benefits in excess of plan assets as a level percentage of future salary or service. The Actuarial Accrued Liability is set to the value of assets in this method.

### Annual Determined Contributions of the Employer(s) (ADC)

The employer's target or recommended periodic contribution to a pension plan, calculated in accordance with assumptions and methods that conform with the Actuarial Standards of Practice. The ADC replaced the annual required contribution (ARC) when GASB 27 was replaced by GASB 68.

## Cost-of-Living-Adjustment (COLA)

A periodic increase in the amounts calculated using the plan's basic benefit formula to account for the future effects of inflation which reduce the purchasing power of the calculated benefits.

### **Covered Group**

Plan members included in actuarial valuation.



### Demographic Assumptions

Assumptions regarding the future population of pension participants, including retirement, termination, disability and mortality assumptions. Demographic assumptions also include those relating to merit pay increases, marital status, and new hires.

## **Economic Assumptions**

Assumptions regarding future economic factors, including inflation, investment returns, COLA, salary improvement, change in average wages, and changes in Social Security benefits.

### **Employer's Contributions**

Contributions made in relation to the ADC. An employer has made a contribution in relation to the ADC if the employer has (a) made payments of benefits directly to or on behalf of a retiree or beneficiary, (b) made premium payments to an insurer, or (c) irrevocably transferred assets to a trust, or an equivalent arrangement, in which plan assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retirees and their beneficiaries in accordance with the terms of the plan and are legally protected from creditors of the employer(s) or plan administrator.

## Entry Age Normal (EAN) Cost Method

An actuarial cost method that spreads the cost for each individual's expected benefits over their career, either as a level percentage of pay or service. The Actuarial Accrued Liability is the accumulated value of all past normal costs, and the unfunded accrued liability (surplus) is the excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the value of assets.

## Expenses

Plan expenses paid from the plan's assets (rather than directly by the employer) are divided into administrative and investment-related expenses.

#### Funded Ratio

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the plan's Actuarial Accrued Liability.

### **GASB**

Government Accounting Standards Board.

### GASB No. 67 and GASB No. 68

These are the government accounting standards that set the accounting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 68 sets the accounting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems while Statement No. 67 sets the rules for the systems themselves.

### Investment Return Assumption or Investment Rate of Return (Discount Rate)

The assumed rate of future investment earnings on the plan's assets, reflecting the current investment policy and expected future economic conditions. This rate is used to adjust, or discount, a series of future payments to reflect the time value of money and show future amounts in today's dollars.

### Level Dollar Amortization Method

Amortization payments are calculated so that they are a level dollar amount over a given number of years.



### Level Percentage of Projected Payroll Amortization Method

Amortization payments are calculated so that they are a constant percentage of the projected payroll of active plan members over a given number of years. The dollar amount of the payments generally will increase over time as payroll increases due to inflation. In dollars adjusted for inflation, the payments can be expected to remain level (disregarding changes due to future actuarial experience differing from expectations).

### **Normal Cost**

That portion of the Actuarial Present Value Future Benefits and expenses which is allocated to a valuation year by the actuarial cost method.

## Payroll Growth Rate

An actuarial assumption with respect to future increases in total covered payroll attributable to inflation; used in applying the level percentage of projected payroll amortization method.

### Plan Members

The individuals covered by the terms of a pension plan. The plan membership generally includes employees in active service, terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them, and retired employees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.

### Post-Employment

The period between termination of employment and retirement as well as the period after retirement.

## Salary Improvement

An actuarial assumption regarding the increase in employees' salaries, reflecting cost-of-living, merit and longevity increases.

### Supplemental Benefits

Benefits that accumulate after a member's retirement based on an annual COLA increase in the amount of a retired participant's benefit intended to adjust the benefit for inflation.

### **Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities**

The excess of the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits as of the date of a pension plan valuation, over the sum of (1) the actuarial value of the assets of the plan and (2) the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs determined by any of several actuarial cost methods. For plans that explicitly define an Actuarial Accrued Liability, this amount equals the excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the actuarial value of assets.

### **Vested Plan Benefits**

All benefits to which current participants have a vested right based on pay and service through the valuation date. A participant has a vested right to a benefit if he/she would still be eligible to receive that benefit if employment terminated on the valuation date.